PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA;

Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information. &c., &c.

COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,764—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

Milkmaid BRAND **Milk**
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. Saturday, 2 P.M. 1906.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
14th Apl.	EGYPT	7912	......	
21st „	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th „	CALEDONIA	7558	......	
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
12th „	ARABIA	7903	......	
19th „	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6838
26th „	MACEDONIA	10512	......	
2nd June	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
9th „	PERSIA	7951	......	
16th „	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
23rd „	EGYPT	7912	......	
30th „	ORIENTAL	5284	DONGOLA	8050

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 7th March, 1906.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents,—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	19th Apr. 1906
YARRA	4,255	Sellier	17th May „
NERA	5,876	Schmitz	14th Jun. „
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	12th July „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	28th April 1906.
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	26th May „

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.
Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 35, 2nd class Rs. 635, 3rd class Rs. 295
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
27, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FEB. 1st.
ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO
LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA);
LIVERPOOL and other Ports.
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	...	300	...
Port Said	425	680	320	...	300	...
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	750	390	590
Liverpool	550	900	470	770	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	†950	525	*820	450	*675
Karachi	40	..	40	...	40	...

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
B	Trafford Hall	5809	Mar 24	Apr 5	Apr 15	Apr 21
B	Branksome Hall	6000	„ 30	„ 13	„ 25	May 1
A	City of Calcutta	11000	Apr 24	May 7	May 16	„ 21
B	Merton Hall	7000	„ 14	Apr 28	„ 11	„ 18 Direct
B	Prome	4400	May 1	May 15	„ 27	June 2
A	City of Agra	4320	„ 14	„ 28	June 9	„ 16
B	City of Karachi	5800	„ 24	June 6	„ 16	„ 21

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.)
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN OF STEAMERS,
Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	16 Apr.	11 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues.	17 Apr.	5 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
DUMRA	1700	Thur.	12 Apr.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	13 Apr.	8 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on MONDAY, 16th April calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, †Mahomera, and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 12th April calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.
S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 24th April, calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,917 tons, on or about 20th April.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).
Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
10th April, 1906.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co,
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sal on
IMPERATRIX.	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st May, 1906
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st June „

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class	2nd Class	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipments at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
MARQ. ACQUEHEM	A. Bilaffer	4755	20th April 1906
PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5894	7th May „
*† FILIPPO ARTELLI	A. Radonicic	5834	9th June „
*† TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5095	5th July „
FRANZ FERDINAND	C. Matcovih	6046	20th „ „
† NIPPON	P. Ivellich	6316	31st „ „

* Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck,
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.
1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 600.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced Fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf,

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer,	Captain,	Tons	To sail on or about
NIPPON	P. Ivellich	6,316	29th April, 1906.

For further particular regarding Passages
Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent-General.
Sassoon House, 54 Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Apr. 1906.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th May „
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th June „

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 135
Return tickets available 2 years	„ 900	„ 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries, Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Apr., 1906.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th May „
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th June „

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 186, and to HONGKONG Rs. 230.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Hornby Road, No. 59.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English designs or made to Order.—Chuckla No. 9.

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

DAY, DRESS, TENNIS, 6 FOR RS. 24, 30, 36.

NÉGLIGE, SOFT FRONTS, STIFF CUFFS,
SMART & COMFORTABLE, 3 FOR RS. 13-8,
OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS.} **BOMBAY.**

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS.
105, MEDOW'S ST. FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE GORGONZOLA PARMESAN and ENGLISH CHEDDAR CHEESE.
CAMEMBERT and MENANTHA CHEESE in tins.
MORTADELLA in tins and on cut; SALAME ITALIAN; HAM and BACON.
MACCARONI; VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, LENTILLES, HARICOT BEANS.
PURE OLIVE OIL, and WINE VINEGAR (Italian), BLACK and GREEN OLIVES (loose.)
SALTED ANCHOVIES (loose), CALAMATTA GREEK OLIVES in tins.
Various other kind of Provision and Oilmanstores in tins and bottles all fresh and just unpacked.
MARSALA (TRAPPANI) highest awards the best wine. VERMOUTH (ITALIAN and FRENCH) CHIANTI (by Nencioni) first in all Exhibitions.
GRIGNOLINO CLARET sold by us is the GENUINE ARTICLE much appreciated. Rs. 10 pe doz. bots.
ELIXIR CHINA (liqueur), a tonic restorative.

EASTER 1906.
MONGINI BROTHERS.

EASTER NOVELTIES
JUST ARRIVING
EASTER EGGS in fancy Basket from As. 8.
NESTS CONTAINING EASTER EGGS from As. 6.
TOY CARTS,
DUTCH SHOES,
BASKETS, etc., etc,
ALL CONTAINING EASTER EGGS.
EMPTY EGGS covered in Satin Re. 1 each.
INSPECTION INVITED.
CHOCOLATE EASTER EGGS artistically decorated and filled with sweets, Rs. 2 per lb.
ORDERS NOW REGISTERED.

MONGINI BROTHERS
HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERS,
25-27-29 Church Gate Street—Bombay.
Telephone No. 325. Telegrams :—"Imogen," Bombay.

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DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only, I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

AS SUPPLIED TO THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN.
THE "MINIMAX" HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER
The only Efficient Extinguisher, and the reasons :

NO TAPS TO CORRODE.
NO HOSE OR RUBBER PIPING TO ROT.
NO REVERSING AT THE CRITICAL MOMENT.
ONE SIMPLE ACTION. INSTANTANEOUS RESULTS.
UNAFFECTED BY CLIMATE OR WEATHER.
AS RELIABLE 20 YEARS HENCE AS THE DAY CHARGED.
More than 75,000 sold in 2 years. Over 1,000 actual fires extinguished
INSTALLATIONS OF THE MINIMAX IN INDIA.

Government Currency Offices, Bombay and Calcutta.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club.
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Indore „
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Southern Mahratta Railway, Hubli.
Golconda Fort, Hyderabad.
Cantonment Committee, Neemuch.
The Commissioner, Dehra Ismail Khan.
Jaswant College, Jodhpore.
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Calcutta Port Trust.
Controllers' Office, Calcutta.
Happy Valley Club, Mussoorie.
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Offices : "Bombay Gazette."
„ "Advocate of India."
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Manockji Petit Mills.
P. & O. Company's Offices and Docks.
South British Insurance Co.
Messrs. W. & A Graham & Co.
„ Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co
„ Dunnett & Co.
„ Hollis & Son.
„ Alex. MacKenzie & Co.
„ Beynon & Co.
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Administrator, Chota Udaipur.
Minister of Jaora State, etc., etc.

Rs. 37-8-0, COMPLETE WITH CHEMICAL CHARGE.

For Further Particulars apply to the Sole Agents in India :—
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,
Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the healthiest and most fashionable European quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every convenience and comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel residents and their guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the drawing room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.
F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

BECK'S PILSENER BEER KEY-BRAND.

A PERFECT BEER FOR THE TROPICS.
Wholesome, light and refreshing, bright and sparkling
A RELIABLE AND PURE
MALT AND HOP BEER.
tested in numerous analyses by eminent English and Continental experts.

Frequent shipments constantly received.
(Obtainable from all
WINE MERCHANTS and
DEALERS in BEER.)

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

THE TWO FAVORITES.
KING'S LIQUEUR WHISKY,
TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

"ZAM-ZAM."
"ZAM-ZAM"

TRUE TALISMAN!
For Colic; Cramp; Cancer.
For Cholera; Diarrhœa.
For Dropsy; Epilepsy.
For Dyspepsia; Griping.
Is a Stimulant during illness and convalescence.
Best Embrocation for Sprains; Muscular Pains; Strains; Bone-aching.
Is a Great Air-Purifyer.
☞ PLEASE SEE THE TRADE MARK OF A WADING BIRD.

Per Bot. Ans. 8; & Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON ST.;
NEAR JOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.
INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.
HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary

TO SMOKERS.
SOMETHING NEW
ARDATH TOBACCO'S CO.'S
Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
AND
Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ALSO
Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
We allow large Discount to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
Upcountry Orders by V. P. P.
PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon
AT
E. E. GOREY & CO.
NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.,
24, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT BOMBAY

EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS.
THE CURE FOR
GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing these distressingly painful diseases, have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an inconceivably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from the intolerable pain in one or two hours; one bottle will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for as many weeks, and sometimes months.

The authenticated proofs of decided approbation, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society, with a rapidly increasing sale, and a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will, after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY
GEORGE EADE, 232, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON, E.C.
and sold every where in bottles 1s. 1½d. and 2s 9d.
Wholesale Agents for India :—Messrs. KEMP & Co. Ld.
BOMBA

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

ALCOCK ASHDOWN AND COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share-holders of this Company will be held at its Registered Office the Carnac Iron Works, opposite Victoria Docks, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY the 26th day of April, 1906, at 4-30 p. m., Standard Time.

To receive and adopt the Directors Report and audited Balance Sheet made up to 31st December 1905.

To declare a dividend and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

J. W. HEPWORTH,
Secretary and Manager.
ALCOCK ASHDOWN and Co., Ld.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd day of April to 7th May, 1906 both days inclusive.

Bombay 10th April, 1906.

TAKE NOTICE that SHETH RAMCHANDRA HUKMICHUND, father of the undersigned, owned 15 Share Certificates, Nos. 201 to 215 (both inclusive of the Jalgam Cotton Ginning Co., Ld., They are now missing. The undersigned undertakes to give a PRIZE of Rs. 15 (Fifteen) to any who finds and delivers them personally or post, within 20 (Twenty) days to the undersigned from the date of this notice at his residence given below or to his Bombay Agent, Mr. Balaji Shivprasad, at his place of business in the North Corner of the Hanman Lane on Kalkadevi Road.

BHAGIRUTH RAMCHUNDRA,
Marwady of Dhumungaum, Taluka Jalgam,
District Khandesh.

Bombay 10th April, 1906.

SIMLA,

HOTEL METROPOLE.

CENTRALLY SITUATED OPPOSITE THE U. S. CLUB.

Undoubtedly the finest Cuisine in Simla
Beautifully Furnished and fitted.
Up-to-date in Every Respect.

Madam Polacek, the Proprietress, has returned from Europe and the Hotel will be under her immediate care during the Season.

Tariff from Rs. 5 per day.

Telegrams :— "METROPOLE." Simla.

RE-WATSON'S ESPLANADE HOTEL, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above PREMISES together with all furniture and fittings therein which belong to the Estate of the late NAWAB SIRDAR DILER JUNG BAHADUR C.I.E, having been LET on LEASE to Mr. EDWARD GREGORY CABRAL as from the 1st instant, all accounts due and owing in relation to the carrying on of the above premises up to 31st Ultimo should be sent in to the undersigned for payment and that the Lessee will be responsible for all liabilities subsequently incurred.—Dated this 9th day of April, 1906.

SYED SIRDAR ALI KHAN,
Executor of the Estate of the
late NAWAB SIRDAR DILER JUNG
BAHADUR C.I.E.

RE-WATSON'S HOTEL ANNEXE, APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above PREMISES together with all furniture and fittings therein which belong to the Estate of the late Nawab SIRDAR DILER JUNG BAHADUR C.I.E, having been LET on LEASE to Mr RUTTONJI SORABJI MUNSHI as from the 1st instant all accounts due and owing in relation to the carrying on of the above premises up to 31st Ultimo should be sent in to the undersigned for payment and that the Lessee will be responsible for all liabilities subsequently incurred.—Dated this 9th day of April, 1906.

SYED SIRDAR ALI KHAN,
Executor of the Estate of the
late NAWAB SIRDAR DILER JUNG.
BAHADUR C.I.E.

INSPECTORSHIP OF FIRE APPLIANCES.

APPLICATIONS are INVITED for the post of INSPECTOR of FIRE Appliances to the Calcutta Fire Insurance Agents' Association.

Candidates must possess some knowledge of Mechanical Engineering more particularly as regards Hydrant services, Sprinkler Installations &c.

Applications to be addressed to the SECRETARY, Calcutta Fire Insurance Agents' Association, Royal Exchange Building, Calcutta.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

MAHABLESHWAR SEASON, 1906.
ADDITIONAL TRAIN SERVICE,

WATHAR SPECIAL. A light SPECIAL PASSENGER TRAIN, having limited accommodation, will be RUN DAILY between the 1st April and 15th June, 1906. It will leave Poona at 2 hours 40 minutes after the arrival there, of the Bombay-Madras Mail Train starting at 21 hours 30 minutes from Victoria Terminus and is timed to arrive at Wathar at 6 hours 45 minutes. Accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers will be reserved by it in the order registered, for the number of berths available only, on application to the Station Master, Poona.

W. B. WRIGHT,
Traffic Manager.

Dharwar, 27th March, 1906.

THE SHOLAPOOR SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on WEDNESDAY the 11th April, 1906 at 3-30 P. M., (Bombay time) for the transaction of the following business :—

1st,—To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1905.

2nd,—To declare a Dividend.

3rd,—To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

4th,—To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th April to the 25th April, 1906, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

MORARJEE GOCULDAS and Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 2nd April 1906.

THE ACBAR MANUFACTURING AND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE—The TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on WEDNESDAY the 11th day of April, 1906, at 3 P.M., (Standard Time) at the Company's Registered Office, No. 10 Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business :—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

II.—To declare a dividend.

III.—To confirm the appointments of Messrs. Hajeebhoy Lalljee, Shavaksha Cowasji Dinsha, Shapoorji Burjorji Broacha and Bundalibhoy Hajeebhoy, made by the Board as additional Directors under clause 76 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

IV.—To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.

V.—To appoint two Auditors for the current year, and to fix their remuneration.

VI.—To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

HAJEEBHOY LALLJEE & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

No. 10, Forbes Street Fort,
Bombay, 22nd March, 1906.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 11th proximo to 26th Idem (both days inclusive.)

BURMAH PETROL.

"PETREL BRAND" gives most regular and economical work. Special Rates to MOTOR CAR OWNERS. Apply for prices and counterfoil order book to SHAW, WALLACE & Co., Agents, The Burmah Oil Co., Ld., Church Gate Street Fort Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

OPPOSITE ST. XAVIER'S SCHOOLS.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.

RETURN VISIT RETURN VISIT
OF THE

EMPIRE BIOSCOPE.

WHIRLING THE WORLDS :—A voyage to lands unknown by Motorcar, Airship and Submarine. This picture alone lasts over twenty minutes and comprises 15,000 photographs. It is the essence of real pantomime and the picture tells a completely connected story of a trip to the sun.

And many others too numerous to mention, for further particulars see hand bills.

TWICE NIGHTLY. TWICE NIGHTLY.

7-30 to 8-30 9-30 to 10-30.

ADMISSION Rs 1, As 8, As 4.

Tickets for Reserved seats may be had at Messrs. BOUNDY and Co.

MANAGER.
EDWARD. H. WORKMAN.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.

No. 22, APOLLO STREET,

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS AT GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Unless previously disposed of by private contract Messrs BENNETT & Co. will, under instructions from the Executor of Bai Goolbai, widow of the late Dhunjeebhoy Cursetjee Shroff, sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of April, 1906, at 5-15 p.m. (Standard Time), the undermentioned very valuable building plots fronting the Gowalia Tank Road.

PLOT A.

Plot A comprising 1,350 square yards or thereabouts, having road frontage of about 90 feet, and average depth of about 135 feet, and bounded as follows :—On the East by the Plot B. on the North by the Gowalia Tank Road, on the West by the property of Dadabhoy Cursetjee Furdoonjee, and on the South by the Goculdas Tejpal Sanscrit College and Seminary.

PLOT B.

Plot B comprising 1,400 square yards or thereabouts, having road frontage of about 90 feet, and average depth of about 140 feet, and bounded as follows :—On the East by the remaining portion of the Vendor's property known as Tanka Villa, on the North by the Gowalia Tank Road, on the West by the Plot A, and on the South by the Goculdas Tejpal Sanscrit College and Seminary.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Khurshedjee D. Saroff, Vendor's Attorney, at his office, No. 18, Hornby Road Fort, or to the Undersigned.

Private offers for purchase of the above plots will also be received by the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature broughams, in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria with horse and harness.
1 bay arab quiet in harness.
1 Grey pony quiet in harness and saddle.

SALE OF THE RIGHTS of cutting grass collecting mangoe crop, chikoo crop cocoanuts &c.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay Messrs BENNETT & Co will sell by Public Auction at the Victoria Garden's Office on FRIDAY the 20th April 1906 at 3-30 p m (S T) the 4 Rights mentioned hereunder :—

(1) Right of collecting mango crop of the (next) season.
(1) Right of collecting chikoo crop for one year.
(1) Right of collecting cocoanut crop for one year.
(1) Right of taking lawn-mown but grass from 15th June, 1906, to 30th September, 1906, from the Victoria Gardens.

For details and conditions of sale of the above rights apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the Victoria Garden's Office or to the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

On SUNDAY the 22nd instant at 2 p.m. Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Church Street, Mazagon Opposite the Gloria Church the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best plateiware, dining-table, chairs, sideboard and dumb waiters, drawing room sofas and chairs cabinets rich table ornaments, Hall, table and hanging lamps, by itmar rich Majolica ornaments musical box, carpets, Wall Clocks, dressing and wash hand tables, single and double bedsteads one nearly new cottage piano, old violin with case, parian figures, fancy pedestals, china matting, flower pots &c. &c.

The property of J. M. DeSOUZA, Esq Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT STABLE STREET AND BAPTY ROAD.

On TUESDAY the 24th instant at 4-30 p. m, Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagees Govindji Waljee and others and on account and risk of the mortgagor Khatizabai wife of Moonshi Ahmed Alikhan the following property :—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being outside the Fort of Bombay on the north side of stable Street and Bapty Road (in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and three and three-fourth square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Municipality under E. Ward No 832 and 749 and Street No. 4 and 17 registered in the books of the Collector of Revenue under old No 4884 New No 1151 Old Survey No 4549 and New Survey No. 5723 and bounded as follows :—that is to say on or towards the East by the stable Street aforesaid on or towards the West by the property of Ebrahim Abdul Khairysoni and partly by the Kamatipura Second Lane and partly by the property of Heerji Mowji, on or towards the North by the Kamatipura Second Lane (Street) and on or towards the South by the Bapty Road or Comercarry Sewer Road.

For further partculars and conditions apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of unserviceable stores, a quantity of Brass Pigs, Gun Metal and Iron, etc., at the Castle Park Arsenal, Fort, behind the Town Hall.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer-in-charge, Bombay Arsenal, Messrs. BENNETT & Co, will on THURSDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m. sharp. Standard Time, sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place a large quantity of unserviceable stores, consisting of leather pieces, bags, sand common, pawling doosootee, old, iron, lot scrap, boxes A S. A. Rifle, 1 P chest, stock and dies W Taps, water buckets, spades, shovels, gun metal, old pig old brass pig, copper old copper pig, lead pig, canvas plain, tape, leather, old of sorts, leather assorted buff, cotton gunny, rubbish, etc.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods, sweepings, &c, at the G I P Railway Wadi Bunder Goods Depot.

In accordance with Sections 5 and 55 of the Railway Act IX of 1890, and under instructions from G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs BENNETT & Co will sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place on MONDAY the 30th instant at 2 30 p m (Standard Time) quantity of unclaimed goods grain and seed in bags cotton seeds in bags, grain bags, juaree in bags, wheat and tilly in bags, bundles of jogery bundle of condemned sheets, bags of linseed, boxes of cigars, bales of F P cotton, burnt cotton, bundles of roped bundles of cotton, bags of dry chillies, bundles of dates waste paper and records and other miscellenous articles etc,

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 11th April, 1906.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

HORNBY ROAD

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS FOR PERUSAL IN THE MORNING AND NOON AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION ALSO HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES,

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers

FOR TERMS APPLY TO VINCENT AND COMPANY.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas, REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals, Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—1st Class PHAETONS and TONGA DAKS ready laid between Wathar and Mahableshwar, also Phaeton Daks from Poona to Mahableshwar direct by the old route at Moderate Rates.—BURJORJEE PEROSHAW. Diplomaed Dak supplier to H. E. The Governor and the Lieut-General Western Command.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—TONGAS and PHAETONS for Wathar, Panchgani, Mahableshwar, available at Moderate Rates. Apply BAPOO SHERKER, Head Office, Wai.

BARGAINS.—Just unpacked a large consignment of selected GENUINE OIL PAINTINGS in massive Gold Frames. Inspection invited.—M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street.

IT has been certified that Mr. KAPS executes most skilful repairs to Piano which can be seen in his Work shops—37 Medows St. H. KAPS & Co.,

A EUROPEAN RETIRED OFFICER of Government (Financial) is OPEN to ENGAGEMENT Box No. 53A. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED FOREIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught, Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1234. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas Can be had at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each Rates from Rs. 3-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit, Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day, Very easy terms for permanent residents Splendid Bars Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0 Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross London.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT-SUPPLIERS. Messrs OLIVER and Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofusil Rs. 3 for each servant,—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established 1872.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY MUIR & Co. Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BY-WEEKLY edition—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams, up to date, Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay; Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

COMFORTABLE HOME, in a healthy part of Belgium offered to young children of parents abroad, Special care, home comforts. Terms Moderate, Address, Mlle. NEEL, Maaseyck, Belgium.

COTTON BUSINESS—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seed, &c, Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms, Visited Steam Factories, and Traveller throughout India Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "COMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms Books, Pamphlets, &c, &c., printed with neatness and promptitude, and at lowest rates, special terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager" Bombay Gazette" Steam Press,

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and Visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest, Portrait Paintings in oil on Photographic Basis a speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings. Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review &c., &c. Apply C. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all :—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines, Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl Tardeo, Bombay.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms :—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas ; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 30 days to one year, 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 Pages of the "Pall Mall Gazette" size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage English Subscription Rs. [illegible] per year including Postage.

THE UNRIVALLED KILLER.

KEATING'S POWDER.

FATAL TO INSECT LIFE.
Harmless to Everything Else.
Sold in Tins and Bottles only.
Be quite sure you get KEATING'S.

IT KILLS
FLEAS, BEETLES, BUGS, FLIES.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50,) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce, Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages insured by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE SALE of landed property at Alijume Street advertised to take place TO DAY is POSTPONED until further INTIMATION.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Rose Cottage, Palli Hill Road Bandora, the handsome and neat made French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture such as dining table, chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter drawing room suit of sofas and chairs lined tapestry, teapoys, bedsteads, almyrahs, chest of drawers, drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables glassware, crockery ware, nearly new China matting of the whole bungalow, etc., the property of Tom. Batty, Esqr., proceeding to Madras.

The property will be on view two days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS,

Under instructions from Messrs Charles Brown and Co who have removed into new premises. Messrs CRAWFORD and Co, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m., the materials of the building of the Old Dock Iron Works, situate at Nassik Street, opposite the Mere wether Dry Dock, consisting of corrugated shed. Mangalore tiles on the building and offices in the front built of stone etc and other materials.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT OONDRIA AND HOOZRIA STREET, NEAR TWO TANKS, KAMATIPURA AND VACANT LAND AT IRLA NEAR BANDORA.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction,
Suit No. 406 of 1905.

Abdool Gafoor Goolam Sarwar .... Plaintiff,
vs.
Jemietbai, widow, and others ....Defendants,

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq. and Dr. Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Special Commissioners appointed by the Consent Decretal Order made in the above suit on the 16th day of September 1905, as modified by the order of the 10th February, 1906, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable properties, on and at the following days and times on the several premises :—

LOT No. 1.

On TUESDAY, the 24th April, 1906, at 4 p.m. All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 99 square yards or thereabouts registered under quit and ground rent, Collector's Old No 4-7, New No 8615, Old Survey No 2637 and New Survey No 4053, situate on the west side of Oondria Street, Bombay, with the house or building standing thereon, and assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No 332, Street Nos 114-116 and bounded on the east by the Oondria Street, on the west by sweepers passage, on the north by the house of Shaik Emoos Jr. jik r and on the south by the house of Mahomed Ibrahim bin Monideen and which said house is now in the occupation of Fateh Mahomed Goolam Sarwar, the second defendant named in the above suit.

LOT No. 2

Same day, at 5 p m,

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, containing by admeasurement 22 square yards and 5-9th of another square yard or thereabouts situate in Hoozrie street near Nagpada, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Survey No 2423, New Survey No 3895, with a building or stable standing thereon, assessed under Ward E No 252, Street No 116, and bounded on the east by Hozria street on the east by a sweeper's passage, on the north by a Mahomedan mosque and on the south formerly of Mahomed Yusul but now belonging to the estate of Miya Goolam Sarwar and which said house is now in the occupation of the tenants of Dr. Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Receiver appointed in the above suit,

LOT No. 3.

On WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of April, at 4 p.m.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground containing by admeasurement 63 and 3-4 of another square yard or thereabouts, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house built and standing thereon, situate at Hozria Street without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1296, New No. 8160 Old Survey No. 1-2331 and New Survey No. 3336, and assessed under E Ward No. 180 and Street No. 2345 and bounded as follows ; On the east by a sweeper's passage, on the west by Hoozria Street, on the north by the property of Bora Currimjee and on the south by the property belonging to the estate of the said Miya Goulam Sarwar and which said house is now in the occupation of the tenants of Dr. Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Receiver appointed in the above suits.

LOT No. 4.

On same day at 5 p. m.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the eastern side of Huzria Street, outside the Fort, in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 178 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue for quit and ground rent under Old Nos. 1294 and 1295 and 1299, New No. 8419, 8165. Old Survey Nos. 2837, 2837. 2830. New Survey Nos. 3335 and 2-3834 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Street Nos. 17, 19, 21 and Ward No 179 and bounded on the east by the sweeper's passage, on the west by the Hozria Street aforesaid, on the north by the property of Dada Miya bin Goolam Mohideen and on the south by the property of Memon Ismail Abdul Rahiman and which said land and here ditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of Dr. Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Receiver, appointed in the above suit.

LOT No. 5.

On THURSDAY, the 26th day of April, at 4 p.m.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the eastern side of Hoozria Street, in the Sub-district of Bombay, registered in the rent roll of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos 1331 and 1331 New No. 8498 Old Survey No 2438, New Survey No 3903 and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under E Ward No. 213 Street Nos. 7478, containing by admeasurement 157 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by sweeper's passage on the west by Hoozria Street, on the north by the house of Mirja Janbin Abdul Kadar and on the south by the house of Ebrahimjee Essoojee and which said land and heredita ments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of Dr, Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Receiver, appointed in the above suit,

LOT No. 6.

On same day at 5 p.m,

All that piece or parcel of Government land, situate at Kamatipura, within the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 155 and four-ninths square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos 16, 17, 22 and 32, New Nos 16215, 16221 and 6231, Old Survey Nos 28, 29, 34 and 41, and New Survey No 6891 and a dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No 2163, Street Nos 148 159 and bounded as follows On the north by the 14th Kamatipura Street, on the south by a sweeper's passage, on the east by the property of Alibhai Adamjee and on the west by the property of Rustomjee Edaljee and which said piece of land is held on lease from Government for the period of 50 years commencing from the 15th day of August 1899, at the yearly rental of Rs. 77-11-7 payable on the 15th day of August in each year and which said land, here ditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of Dr Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Receiver appointed in the above suit,

LOT No. 7,

On FRIDAY, the 27th day of April, at 4 p,m, at their Rooms in Marine Street,

All that piece of vacant land at the village of Irla near Bandora, in the Collectorate of Thana, Salsette, and Sub-district of Bandora, containing by admeasurement 950 square yards or thereabouts, and registered under Survey No 177, Sub No 43, area 8 gunthas land tax Rs. 1-4-0 and bounded as follows ; On the east and south by the land of Ardeshir Jehangir Wadia, on the north by the land of Pedroo Souza and on the west by the public road leading to Andheri and which said piece of land is now in the possession of Dr. Nanabhai Narsingrao, the Receiver, appointed in the above suit.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Noble, Solicitors, at their Office in Church Gate street, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO

Bombay, 11th April, 1906.

MENESSE AND COMPANY

No 85, HUMMUM STREET.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th instant, Messrs MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their Rooms, of a quantity of piece-goods and sundry goods &c.

2 cases white dhooties.
2 cases coloured prints.
On account of the concerned.
3 cases white shirtings.
6 Bales Grey Shirtings.
10 Cases Claret.
1 case Bobbins damaged.

AUCTION SALE OF PORT AND SHERRY WINE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th Inst., at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs, MENESSE && Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account of the concerned landed ex S. S. Trafalgar 115 cases Invalid Port and Sherry Wine by Cutler Palmer & Co.

MENESSE & Co.,

Bombay, 11th April, 1906.

ASTHMA AND BLOOD

POISON of any stage and description will be radically cured by our well-tried specifics sooner than by any other sure, Try and you are sure to admire them. Prices Rs. 5 and Rs 3 respectively. [A] A. E. JAMES, Esq., Dehri, writes :—"Your wonderful specific for ASTHMA has done more for my boy than all other Patent Medicines I had tried before. He has not since been troubled even slightly, and I am beginning to be convinced of your remedy having radically cured him." [B] S. SAW, ZA, Esq., Poona, writes :—"Your BLOOD MIXTURE is the BEST remedy yet discovered."

DIABETES AND DYSENTERY

however hopeless, are sure to be cured by our well-tried specifics. No other medicine in the world will be able to show a larger percentage of cure than our specifics, Prices Rs. 3 each. Full particulars about the above as well as about our specifics for HYDROCELE, PILES and FEMALE DISEASES please write only to :

J. C. MOOKERJEE & CO.,
THE VICTORIA CHEMICAL WORKS,
RANAGHAT, Bengal

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£600,000
RESERVE FUND	£550,000

HEAD OFFICE :

7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,
Lahore,
Amritsar,
Kurrachee,
Steamer Point,

Delhi,
Bombay,
Madras,
Rangoon
Aden,

Cawnpore,
Colombo,
Mandalay,
Newera Elya,
Kandy,

Tuticorin,
Zanzibar,
Mombassa,
Nairobi,
Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,, 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND	,, 10,300,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS	,, 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	,, 1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE : YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

London,
Lyons,
New York.
San Francisco.
Honolulu,

Shanghai,
Hongkong.
Tientsin
Peking.
Newchang.

Port Arthur,
Mukden.
Tairen,
Chefoo,
Tieling.

Kobe,
Osaka,
Tokyo,
Nagasaki,
Bombay,

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England : The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld. ; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld. ; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£800,000
RESERVE FUND	£875,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£800,000

HEAD OFFICE:

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

Hamburg
Bombay
Karachi
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Penang
Thaiping
Ipoh (Perak)

Medan, Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Kwala Lumpor
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Manila
Cebu (Phillipines)

Hongkong
Foochow
Saigon
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 3-30 P.M.
Saturday—10-30 A.M. to 1-30 P.M.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,00
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,00
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 9,500,00
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,00

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers,—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular And Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.
A. M. TOWNSEND, } Managers.
C. S. ADDIS Esqr, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA.
COLOMBO.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.

HANKOW.
KOBE.
ILOILO.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NAGASAKI.
NEW YORK.
PEKING.

PENANG.
RANGOON
SAIGON.
SAN FRANCISCO.
SINGAPORE.
SOURABAYA.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter period a on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent.
7 Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch) ; Fourth and onward Two Annas (Re. 1 per inch) ; Twice or Once a week ; First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 3 per inch); Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Re. 1-8 per inch). Minimum Charges Rs. 2.

WANTED

FOR OFFICE of MARINE STOREKEEPER, R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, a SMART EUROPEAN CLERK. Pay Rs. 200 per mensem. Apply with copies of testimonials to

G. H. HEWETT, Captain R. N.
Director, Royal Indian Marine.
R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay 9th April, 1906.

TO LET FURNISHED.

NEAR TENBY FURNISHED HOUSE in beautiful situation, Sea Views, private path to Sea, 3 Reception, 5 Bedrooms bathroom H and C. mild climate good boating bathing.

Apply. "F. A. W." Care of Messrs. GRINDLAY GROOM., Bombay.

OH WHERE CAN I GET ? Reliable, Stylish, and moderately priced ——. Unreliable Machine made stuff not required. Read below.

HERE WE ARE, At your Service. Madam, Sir, Handsewn and Handmade on the latest English and American Principles. Boots Shoes Leather, Canvas, Wooden, and Steel Trunks. Suit, Shirt, and Dress cases, Gladstone, Kit, and other Bags. Holdalls, Bed-Straps, Collar Boxes. Gaiters. Belts, Purses, Cigar Cases. Key Chains, Watch Guards, Driving Whips, Hunting Thongs, Soiled Linen Bags, Pocket Books, Miscellaneous Leather Goods—Pin to an anchor—— Harness, Saddlery. Etc- Best material, Reliable workmanship, Moderate Prices. J. OAKES and Co.—59, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PLEASE READ THIS. Our great Success is our recommendation. We are the peoples' leading, stylish, and right up to date Manufacturers and Repairers. Read advertisement above.

THE GRAM AND BARLEY STORES, LOWER COLABA.

HORSE FOOD.

FRESH CRUSHED prepared HORSE FOOD, the most nutritious and invigorating food in the market especially adapted for Horses is highly recommended and widely patronised. It builds up the muscular and other tissues of the body and keeps the animal healthy, hardy and fat.

ENHARDI.

This preparation is fast being known as the best Condition Powder extant. It is a preparation that can be made for fattening stock or curing disease in every case when food and medicine can be of any use whatever. Re. 0-14-0 per box of one lb.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

5,000 Tons of STEEL BEAM
in all Sections and Weights,
ALSO
STEEL ANGLES, TEES,
PLATES, CAST IRON PIPES,
GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON SHEETS
kept in Stock, ready for delivery.
Full particulars and prices from
GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building,
HORNBY ROAD.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.
DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles ; also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co. of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SECOND HAND BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Adventures of Gerard, by A. Conan Doyle	0	8
The Pilgrim's Progress	0	6
Shakespeare, Vol. II, 6 plays	0	6
Francis Bacon, Vol. I	0	6
Above in Paper Covers.		
Bridge Topics by "Lynx"	0	8
Studies, by B. C. Mahtab	0	8
Overheard, by Skene Dhu...	0	8
Henry Brocken, by W. I. de la Mare	0	8
Poems, by Joseph Furtado	0	4
The Queen's Resolve, by Charles Bullock	1	0
Crowned to Serve, by Charles Bullock	1	0
"Out of the Depths," by Pitt Bonarjee	1	0
Tamil-English Dictionary, by G. U. Pope	2	0
The Buddhist Catechism, in Tamil	0	2
Fireside Astronomy, by D. W. Horner	0	8
Sangeet Balopadesh, by B. B. T...	0	8
Brahmakarya, by Romesh C. Chakavartty	0	4
Echoes of the East, by Xenos	0	4
Schedule D., by S. W. Flint	0	4
Hindu Social Progress by N. S. P. Garu	0	4
The Conversion of India, by Pitt Bonarjee	0	4
The Wife and Mother, by Vincent	1	
German Grammar, &c., by Louis Lubovius	0	12
Physical Drill, by Kempster and Kaye	0	12
How to Invest Money, by E R Gabbott	0	8
Home Hygiene in Gujarathi, by D. H. Mehta	0	8

In paper or limp cloth. Apply XX "Bombay Gazette."

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The rates of Subscription to the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are as follows :—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—Delivered free.

In Advance.		In Arrears.	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 56
Half-yearly	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 30
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly	,, 15
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	,, 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

IN ADVANCE.		IN ARREARS.	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 66
Half-yearly	,, 29	Half-yearly	,, [illegible]
Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, [illegible]
Monthly	,, 6	Monthly	,, 6-8

These Up-Country Rates Include Postage.

SINGLE COPY .... As 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As 8 and Rs. 2.

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Ten Lines and under—

First insertion .... Rs. 5
Second do 3-8
Third do 2-5
Fourth and succeeding insertions .... As. 2 per line, but no Advertisements counted as less than 8 lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest types, 12 lines of which make an inch.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENT.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants required, Houses or Lodgings, as change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale of Advertisements belonging to any of these cases is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines .... Re. 1-8
Each succeeding the line 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES :—EACH—TWO RUPEES.

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First insertion .... As. 8 per line
Second do 4
Third do 2-8

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for the considerable time, special contracts may be made.

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FISH SEASON 1906
OYSTERS
IN PRIME CONDITION.
POMFRETS, SALMON, PRAWNS,
PACKED IN ICE AND SENT TO ANY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

This being a seasonable speciality, W. B. GREEN & Co. make every necessary arrangement for the PROMPT DESPATCH of all goods ordered to ensure their arrival in good condition.

For the prevention of unnecessary delay, please address all orders direct to W. B. GREEN & Co., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
PROVISION SUPPLIERS TO
H. E. THE VICEROY & OVER 300 CLUBS AND MESSES,
APOLLO BUNDER,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) ....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL............£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500
RESERVE FUNDS............£135,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up............ Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits............ Gold $3,332,260.55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico.	San Francisco.
Hongkong.	Shangai.	Washington, D. C
Kobe.	Yokohama.	Canton
Cebu.	Penang.	Monterey.
	Panama.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL—Fcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay Tunis, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, Merchandise, &c.

L. COMBE,
Manager

ESTABLISHED 1867.
Cable Address: "Woodhouse, Brighouse." A. 1. Code.
WOODHOUSE & MITCHELL, LIMITED,
Brighouse, Yorkshire, England.
STEAM ENGINES & MILL GEARING
For Textile, Flour & other Mills.
Contractors to H.M. War Department.

DERMINA SOAP.
UNEQUALLED FOR THE COMPLEXION.
UNRIVALLED AS A TOILET-SOAP.
A LUXURY FOR THE BATH.

By its general use in the nursery, children are protected from many infectious diseases common in the East, such as Dhoby Itch, Scarlatina Measles.

ABSOLUTE CURE FOR ECZEMA.
Per Box (3 cakes) Rs. 1-8.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORE-KEEPERS.

BEYNON & CO.,
THE ESPLANADE PHARMACY,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

IMPORTANT
TO
MOTORISTS.
ENTIRELY FRESH STOCK
OF
ENGLISH-MADE
MOTOR-GOGGLES
Most decent in appearance
Suitable for Hot Climate.
ALSO
ENGLISH-MADE
CLINICAL THERMOMETERS
of Best quality and highest make.
CAN BE HAD OF
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,
7, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite General Post Office.
PRICES EXTREMELY MODERATE.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand Englishbuilt CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS and VICTORIAS by well known Makers FOR SALE.

CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention.

HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.

FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order.

CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED-WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Westonby, 2474 tons, Captain J E Jones, will sail to-day for Philadelphia, with a general cargo.

The steamer Agapanthus, 1439 tons, Captain J M Davies, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The B I S N Co's steamer Loma, 935 tons, Captain H M Cutbush, sailed yesterday for Karachi, via Kathiawar coast ports with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Afghan, 1439 tons, Captain F W Lloyd arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, via Karachi with a general cargo and sugar and deck passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Henzada, 1340 tons, Captain J W Ross, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo 11 cases opium and passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Apl.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
9	Agapanthus s	Davies	Calcutta, Mar 29
10	Henzada s	Ross	Busreh, Mar 28
	Afghan s	Lloyd	Mauritius, Mar 18
	Sado Port, tug boat	Loduvico	Marmugoa, Apr 7
	Patrick Stewart (I G T S)	Tindall	Karachi, Apr 7

DEPARTURE.

Apl.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
10	Franconia s	Robertson	Marmugoa

The steamer Westonby, Jones, for Philadelphia obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Mohammadi, for Jedah
" Pengal, for Calcutta, &c
" Nerbudda, for Zanzibar, &c
" Henzada, for Persian Gulf
" Afghan, for Mauritius
" Djibouti, for Havre, Marseilles, &c

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Apr.	Vessels.	Names.	From
7	Workman	W W Bond	Liverpool
	Goldenfels	K Schwarz	Antwerp
8	Ethiopia	A R W Handcock	Rangoon
	Wardha	C H Sharpe	Bombay

DEPARTURES.

Apr.	Vessels.	Names.	From
7	Goa	S Maclachlan	Chittagong
	Breconshire	G E Elliott	Bombay
	Langbank	W J Rout	Bombay
	Itinda	J W Robertson	Bombay
	Clematis	E L Davies	Bombay
	Thorndale	P Butter	Bombay
	Rahmani	J H Sheriffs	Red Sea
	Nairn	J S Naile	Rangoon
9	Ghazipur	C Sevinert	Natal
	Stolzberger	L Cartens	H'burg B'men
	Bavaria	H Robertson	Bice Ports
	Barotsa	H D Farver	Boston and N'york
	Aparima	E Stott	New Zealand
	Lightning	J G Spence	Hongkong
	Bangala	J R P Alexander	Rangoon
	Maharaja	R White	Port Blair
	Twingane	S H Spockwell	Rangoon

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Golconda, left Marseilles homewards on the evening of the 7th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macaulay, left Suez on the evening of the 8th instant.

SINGAPORE, April 10.

The P and O steamer Mazagon, left here this morning calling at Colombo.

DAILY EXPORTS, April 9.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Nubia s—25 bales wool F Muir and Co; 101 bales wool S J Mahomed; 75 bales wool W and A Graham and Co; 25 bales wool Jadowjee Kara; 7 bales wool David Sassoon and Co; 92 bales wool Ebjee Shivjee; 55 bales wool B Hurbhum; 70 bales wool Dongersee Nagjee; 100 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 49 bale wool Mogi Jetha; 29 bales wool Gassum Jossub.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—30 bales hides and skins, R M Kooka; 120 bundles gunny bags Lowther and Co; 16 bales skins H Mohamed Halim 20 cwt fishmows H A Mahomed: 1 bale carpets and 1 bale cotton prints Ajmere Import and Export Co Ld

Clan Chattan s—205 bales hemp A Branwell and Co

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Egypt s—70 bales skin H Mahomed Halim

FOR BOSTON.

Egypt s—25 bales skins H Mohamed Halim; 22 bales skins Max Klein

FOR NEW YORK.

Egypt s—10 bales skins H Mohamed Halim; 50 cases Indian condiments Merwanjee Poonjiajee and Sons

Maria Valerie s—9 bales skins. Max Klein

FOR HAVRE.

Ville-de Majunga s—4002 cwt gingellyseed Narsee Khairaz and Co; 125 bages hemp, Purshotum Bhimjee

FOR ANTWERP.

Colaba s—1225 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton Glade and Co; 800 bales cotton Purshotam Bhimjee; 720 cwt gingellyseed and 2756 cwt rapeseed E D Sassoon and Co 150 bales hemp J N Kapadia and Co; 8000 cwt linseed C Jusraj

FOR MARSEILLES.

Nubia s—100 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR BARCELONA.

Nubia s—1001 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR MIDDLESBRO.

Baluchistan s—1500 tons manganese ore Killick Nixon and Co

FOR PORT SAID.

Red Cross s—63750 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Brothers

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Maria Valerie s—2 pots rosa oil F Fischer and Co

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—1000 cwt castorseed Ralli Brothers

FOR TRIESTE.

Maria Valerie s—410 bales cotton The New Mofussil Co; 1125 cwt olibanum M J Joomabhoy and Co; 110 bales cotton Glade and Co

FOR VENICE.

Maria Valerie s—200 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co

FOR FIUME.

Maria Valerie s—110 bales cotton Glade and Co

FOR GENOA.

Clan Chattan s—142 bales hemp A Branwell and Co; 60 bales cottong fly K V Seam and Co; 1007 cwt linseed and 1008 cwt mowrasseed Volkart Bros

D Balduino s—2000 cwt linseed Killick Nixon and Co

FOR LEGHORN.

D Balduino s—2000 cwt linseed Killick Nixon and Co

FOR KOBE.

Dongola—1000 bales cotton Ramji and Co; 400 bales cotton The Mitsui B Kaisha; 400 bales cotton Volkart Bros

FOR MOJI.

Dongola s—100 bales cotton, The Mitsui B Kaisha

FOR SHANGHAI

Dongola s—500 bales twist N Phiroz; 500 bales twist Talati and Co; 500 bales twist R S N Talati and Co; 500 bales twist R Canji and Co; 2500 bales twist E Noordin and Co; 1000 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 300 bales twist Tata and Co; 100 bales twist C Bhowandas

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, April 11.

Members are requested to return their arms at once to Head-Quarters as they are required for Inspection by the Civil Chief Master Armourer.

A. STIFFE, Capt. R.A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, April 11.

131 To-morrow Thursday the 12th instant—Matches Nos 7 and 12 will be fired for at Ghat Kopar commencing at 7 a m.

Friday the 13th instant—All Comers Match will be fired for at Ghat Kopar commencing at 7 a m.

Conditions—Post entries Unlimited.
Distance—600 Yards.
No of Rounds—8 last 7 to count
Position—Any Military
Entrance fee—Rs 1 each entry
10 Prizes—Rs 40, 30, 20, 15, 10, 10, 5, 5, 5.

Saturday the 14th instant—Cadets Match will be fired for at Ghat Kopar commencing at 7 a m.

It is notified for information that all Individual Matches of the Annual Rifle Meeting must be completed or forfeited by Saturday the 14th instant.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R.

HOW TO KEEP COOL

All who suffer from the heat should add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a delightful sensation of Coolness, Freshness and Purity. It invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The Cooling effect is Simply Magical—It is so lasting.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, April 9.

SECURITIES—			
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	90 13-16		= — 1-16
3 do. Rentes	99		= — 1-4
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	106		= unchanged
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	66 5-16		= do
SILVER—			
Spot in London	29 11 16		= — 1-16
3 months hence	29 5-16		= — 1-16
Spot in New York	64 1 8		— 1 4
EXCHANGES—			
Paris cheques	25 11		= — 1-2
Berlin	20 47 1-2		= — 1-2
New York Demand	4·84 1-4		= — 1-2
DISCOUNTS—			
Bank of England	3 1-2 per cent		= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3	do	= do
6 " "	2 7-8	do	= do
3 " Fine Trade Bills	3 3-8	do	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 5-8	do	= do
INTEREST—			
Day to day loans	2 1-4	do	= — 1-8
7 day market loans	3 1-2	do	= unchanged

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £275,000.

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5s 4 1-2d value

WHEAT—Dull
Afloat for U K 3,790,000

RAPESEED—
Yellow Guzerat 43 1-4 + 1-4 A-M sellers firmer
Yellow Cawnpore 43 3-8 + 1 8 A-M buyers firmer
Brown 39 1-4 + 1-2 A-M sellers firmer

LINSEED—
Linseed Fold 45 1-2 — 1-2 A-M buyers firm

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 1-16

ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Eurafield and Kt of St George

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed better. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 12,000. Spot 6·14. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 plus 1-8. Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Imports 9,000. Futures closed quiet.

April-May	May-June.	June-July
5·95	5·96	5·97
—1	—1	—1
July-Aug	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
5·87	5·92	5·73
—1	—2	—1
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan
5·71	5·70	5·70
—2	—2	—2

Receipts at U S Ports	17,000
Do last year	31,000
Exports to Great Britain	6,000
Do do Continent	4,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	11 70
Futures, month of July	11·11—4
Do. do Dec	10·55—5

a Advanced early owing to firm cables and declined later in consequence of large estimated receipts for to morrow.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	11 14
Futures, month of May	11·25—1
Do. do July	11·35—2
Tone at close	quiet

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 48 hours, ending at 6 p. m. on Monday, 9th April 1906:—

Cotton	18,075	bales.
Wheat	9,570	cwts.
Linseed	15,664	do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	14,495	do
Gingellyseed	627	do
Poppyseed	1,197	do
Groundnut	14	do
Castorseed	2,237	do
Rice	11,247	do
Myrabollams	2,714	do
Cottonseed	11,385	do
Mowraseed	56	do
Gram	6,134	do
Joowar	2,478	do
Maize	nil	

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold Bullion, Rs. 5,29,521
Ex s s Delta from Sydney

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, April 10.

EXCHANGE.—Tone dull.

Bank T. T.			1s 3 31d.
Bank Demand			1s. 4d. to 1s. 3 31-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D.A.			1s. 4 5-32d.
Do. 6 do.	do.		1s. 4 1-4d.
French Francs	3 do.	do.	169 1-4
Marcks	3 do.	do.	138 1-4
Hongkong	30 Days Sight		150
Shanghai	30	do.	109
Japan	30	do.	150

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone steady.

Cash	99-7
1st Settlement, 30th April	99-7

Money Market, Tone easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England	since 5th April.	3 1-2	per cent
Bank of Bombay	do. 29th March	6	do.
Bank of Bengal	do. 5th April	6	do.
Bank of Madras	do. 3rd do.	7	do.

SEEDS.

	Rs	a.	p
LINSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	7	15	0
Forward May	8	5	6
RAPESEED.—Tone quiet.			
Brown Cawnpore April-May	6	12	0
Yellow Cawnpore do.	7	2	0
Yellow Guzerat do.	7	6	0
POPPYSEED—Tone quiet.			
Ready	8	0	0
Forward April-May	8	1	0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	35	0	0
GINGELLYSEED—Tone quiet.			
Khandeish	45	8	0
15 per cent. Mixed	45	0	0
25 do. do	44	0	0
50 do. do	43	0	0
Black Kutnee	39	0	0

WHEAT—Tone dull unchanged.

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	quiet but steady.
Estimated sales	10,000 Bales
Imports	20,000 "

Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
5·96	5·97	5·98
+1	+1	+1
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sep.	Sep.-Oct.
5·98	5·93	5·79
+1	+1	+1
Oct-Nov.	Nov-Dec.	Dec.-Jan
5·72	5·71	5·71
+1	+1	+1

COTTON.—The market is firm and quotations are unchanged. There is a steady demand from Mills and exporters, and the latter are again enquiring for Broach chiefly for Japan.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited:—

	Fine.	F.-G.	Good	Dely.
Bengal, H. G. (Ry. terms)	199	189		Ready.
Bengals (M.-G.) Ry. terms	204	194		do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G.)	203	193		do.
Oomrawuttee (descriptions) M.-G.	217	211		do.
Khandeish (M.-G.)	213	207		do.
Julgaum (M.-G.)	215	209		do.
Khundwa (M.-G.)		212		do.
Khangaum, fair staple (M.-G.) Karanja do. (M.-G) Akola do. (M.-G.)	217	211		do.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	222	216		do.
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	229	223		do.
Broach (M.-G.)	270	205	262	do.
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	224	218		do.
Muttia (M.-G.)	214	207		do.
Dharwar (S.-G.)			261	25th, May
Westerns			239	do.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office return for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	7	5	14
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	23	21	37
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	35	21	45
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	8	8	18
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	31	26	73
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	9	8	26
G Mahim and Worli	7	7	18
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	6	12	18
Total	120	109	249
Total plague deaths to date	31 052	2,634,875	
Same date last year	119	107	216

SMALL-POX.

Attacks	Deaths
3	1

CHOLERA

Attacks.	Deaths.
6	6

By error we stated that M. Contantin Statesco, who is making a remarkable walking tour round the world had arrived in Bombay from Calcutta. M. Statesco has come from Aden via Arabia and Persia to Karachi, having reached Bombay across the Bikanir desert and will leave for Calcutta in a few days. M. Statesco is staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcements of Births, Marriages Deaths and Memoriam Notice which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. Cash strictly in Advance.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

SNUGGS—April 2 at Rajahmundry, of malarial fever and pneumonia, Eugene Osmond Bradley, Chief Guard of the Madras Railway, stationed at Bezwada, the dearly beloved fifth son of Mr Robert Snuggs, retired Inspector of Police, and Pension Pay Master of Godavery District.

WELSH—March 28 at Wardha, District Shahpur, Punjab Henry Bertram Welsh, N I, Salt Revenue

"Unless we have proteid we die.—Gamgee.
KEMP'S
Protumen
REGD. PURE MILK PROTEID.
PROCESS PATENTED.

Is certified by the "Lancet" to contain 93 per cent. Proteid. From the Purest fresh English Milk. It is the most nourishing substance known, is free from starch or sugar, and is easily digested producing great sustaining power. It contains more Nitrogen than any other food stuff known

The London "Lancet" says "Protumen must possess extremely high food value. It readily peptonises and is therefore easily digestible. It is the flesh forming constituent of a natural food, a very powerful and concentrated form of nourishment."

		Rs.	a.	
PROTUMEN	1/4 lb. packet	0	12	each.
PROTUMEN	1/2 " "	1	4	"
PROTUMEN	1 " "	2	6	"
PROTUMEN	Corn floor	0	12	"
PROTUMEN	Arrowroot	0	14	"
PROTUMEN	do.	1	8	"
PROTUMEN	Chocolate Cakes	0	8	"

Kemp & Co Ld.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS.
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 47m. Sun sets, 6h. 16m. High water, 0-28m., 1-7a. Low water, 6 29m., 6-55a.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4 15 p.m.
Akbar Manufacturing Company, 10 Forbes Street, 3 p.m (S. T.)
Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Company, Tamarind Lane, 3-30 p.m.
Royal Alfred Sailors' Home Society, annual meeting, Sailors' Home, 5 30 p.m.
Passion Music in the Cathedral, 6-30 p.m.

The Seamen's Institute.—The Stewards of the R. M. S. Egypt and friends will give a variety Concert and sketch entitled "Manners Taught," this evening, commencing at 8-30. Admission free and there will be a collection in aid of the Institute Funds.

Alleged House Trespass.—The case in which Inspector Jones charged Thomas William Baxter with trespass came on for hearing, yesterday, before Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court. The accused did not appear in Court. Mr. Jones in opening the case said that on Monday afternoon he was summoned to Green's Mansions, where the accused had been causing some disturbance in the quarters occupied by the servants. The accused is a fireman on the G. I. P. Railway, and resides at Byculla. The Magistrate ordered the issue of a warrant for the arrest of the accused, who is on bail.

Death through Starvation.—A Hindu mendicant, named Baba Tookeram, aged about fifty years, was found yesterday at Princess Street, dying from starvation. He was examined by a doctor who certified that he was not suffering from plague. The police thereupon removed the mendicant to the G. T. Hospital, but the hospital authorities would not admit him, as they said there was no room. The poor old mendicant was then taken to the J. J. Hospital with the same result. The policeman in charge of the mendicant took him back to Dhobi Talao choukey to report the matter to the Inspector of the Division and while doing so, the old man died.

Music at the Apollo Restaurant.—The Victoria String Band will play the following programme of music, at the Pyrke's Apollo Restaurant between 7 and 10 p.m., to-day:—

March	E Bersagliere	Di Capua
Overture	Morning, Noon & Night at Vienna	Suppe
Valse (Espagnole)	Le Serenade	O Metra
Ethiopian Patrol		J A Armstrong
Selection	I Lombardi	Verdi
Intermezzo	Anona	V Grey
Vals	Sympathie	E Mezzacapo
Cake Walk	Creole Belle	J B Lampe

Music at the Bombay Gymkhana.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V. D. and Officers of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Vol Band will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day.

March	Le Petit Soldat	W G Bentley
Trio Clarionet Solo	Buond Imonte	Pacini
Selection	Mr Popple (of Ippleton)	P A Rubens
Valse	Kassi	Strauss
Fantasia	Popular Ballads	Kappey
Cake Walk	A Coon band Contest	Boyer

Music at the Victoria Gardens.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. G. S. Hogge and Officers, of the Band of the 113th Infantry, will play the following programme of music at Victoria Gardens under the direction of Mr. H.W. Toner to-day commencing at 6 p.m.

March	Thy Voice is near	T Bennett
Fantasia	Hail Germania	T Bidgood
Selection	Three little maids	D Godfrey
Valse	Les Sirenes	Waldteufel
Duet	Attila	Verdi
Serenata	Love in idleness	A Macbeth

Music at Green's.—The Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra, under the direction of Mr. Floyd, will play the following programme of music at W. B. Green and Co.'s Apollo Bunder Restaurant, to-day during dinner hours:—

March	Venetian	Eilenberg
Valse	La Reponse Du Coeur	Asher
Overture	Si Vetais Roi	Adam
Dances	Nell Gwyn	German
Trio	La Seranata	Braga
	Violin; Oboe: Piano: M Salzenger: M Floyd: M Forbes.	
Barn Dance	Happy Hampsted	Brunn
Selection	Baby's Opera	Byng
Valse	Rosen aus dem Suden	Strauss

A Postal Clerk in Trouble.—The case in which Pandurang Waman, a Joint Head Clerk in the Registration Department, General Post Office, Bombay, was alleged to have stolen a registered letter containing Rs. 60 in currency notes and four Goa lottery prize tickets valued at Rs. 28, was opened yesterday afternoon by Superintendent Sloane, of the Criminal Investigation Branch, before Mr. Kursondass, Chabildass, third Presidency Magistrate. It was alleged that a certain registered letter was sent by Theophilus Noronha from Ahmedabad to Camillo Clemente, Margao, in December last This letter reached General Post Office, Bombay safe where it is alleged was intercepted and made away with by the accused. The case has been adjourned for further police enquiries.

Theft of a Bicycle.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before the Chief Presidency Magistrate Mr. N. W. Kemp, Inspector Jones brought a charge of theft against Isaac Abraham, concerning a bicycle. The machine was valued at Rs. 200 and was the property of Mr. E. Wodehouse, in whose service the accused was for some time. The facts of the case were that at about 1 o'clock on Sunday morning the complainant had ridden the machine from the Yacht Club to the Taj Mahal Hotel where he placed the bicycle on the stand on the ground floor. The same morning the complainant found his bicycle missing and he made a report to the police, which resulted in the accused's arrest at Rampart Row, and the recovery of the stolen bicycle. The accused stated that he had removed the bicycle and intended to replace it after using it for a few days. The Magistrate sentenced the accused to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Dishonest Khalasees.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chapman charged Babu Vishnu, Dhondu Raghunath and Dagdas Bhickaji, Khalasees of a prow, the two last with theft of nine maunds of rice valued at Rs. 14, and the first accused for aiding and abetting them in the commission of the offence. From the evidence it appeared that 238 bags of rice belonging to Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co. were stored in the prow for shipment. A police havaldar, whilst doing duty at Mandvi Bunder on Monday night, went towards the ship and whilst approaching observed that the light was blown out. Suspecting something he boarded the prow and on relighting the lamps found a quantity of rice strewn about the prow. The accused were arrested and on a search being made two wooden instruments for "bleeding the bags" were found in their possession. The first accused stated that as the stock of rice they had for their own consumption on the prow was exhausted he ordered the other two accused to remove as much rice as would be sufficient for their use in the morning. The accused were convicted, and the case was remanded pending enquiry as to the antecedents of the accused.

A Foolish Joke.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday before Mr. J. W. S. Drecup fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector De Burgh charged Dhanjishah Phirozshah Karaka, a student of the Grant Medical College, with stealing a hand bag containing cash and other articles collectively valued at Rs. 80, the property of Mr. Nanabhoy Dhanjishaw, a Civil Engineer residing at Slater Road. Mr. Bardi, pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Boyce, pleader, defended the accused. From the story for the prosecution, it appeared that the complainant and the accused with other students lived at one and the same place, and on Saturday last the bag was found missing. He reported the matter to the police who recovered the bag from the house of one Cursetjee Cawasji where the accused had kept it. On hearing the evidence in the case, his Worship remarked that it was admitted that the accused took the bag and concealed it in the house of Cursetjee by way of a practical joke, because it was supposed that the complainant had locked the door of the bedroom where he and the other students slept and they had to go to sleep elsewhere. Under the circumstances the Court discharged the accused.

The Anjuman-i-Islam High School.—The Second Annual Social Gathering of the past and present Teachers and Students of the Anjuman-i-Islam Institution, was held on Sunday in the Anjuman Hall. Long before the appointed hour the students made their appearance and vied with one another in pushing forward the preparations to make the gathering a success. The Hall was most artistically decorated with bunting pictures and Japanese lanterns by the students themselves and the premises also put on a gay appearance. The proceedings commenced a 3 p. m., when Mr. Shaikh Faizullabhai, the Head Master of the Institution was called to the chair. After the report of the last year's gathering was read, Mr. Faizullabhai in welcoming all delivered an able address in which he gave a sound piece of advice to all the students calling on them to work indefatigably in assisting the Anjuman in the arduous task of educating the Mahomedan youths. Recitations by young boys followed and they acquitted themselves very admirably in performing their work. Songs specially composed for the occasion were also sung and were much appreciated by the audience. After taking a short luncheon all retired to the playground to witness the sports in which both the past and present students took part most heartily. The Head Master distributed the prizes amongst the winners and then a dinner was provided followed by a cinematograph exhibition and music. All remained till 11 o'clock when the proceedings were brought to a close after a long and happy interval with a vote of thanks to the past students of the Institution, for their endeavours to make the occasion a success. Three cheers were called for the Anjuman i-Madrasa before the company dispersed.

ANOTHER INTERESTING PLAY.

To those who have followed the advice recently given to make the acquaintance of the Native drama can be recommended another performance which has a record of five years' intermittent performance. This is "Soubhagya-Sundari" which is to be seen at the Gaiety Theatre. Opening with ideas taken from an old Sanskrit play, it continues as an adaptation of Othello, with a little of Cymbaline added and, above all, a happy ending. There are many who attend the performances at Covent Garden and own that they do not understand, the German or Italian (whichever the opera may be). These know well that it is possible to appreciate a play for its acting alone and it is to these specially we recommend this play. Named jointly after the hero and heroine, Mr. Bapulal plays Soubhagya, and Master Jayeshanker, the part of the heroine, Sundari, and both stand at the top of their profession, but without doubt the best actor in the company, one it would be hard to surpass anywhere, is Mr. Mohan who plays Madhav. Mr. Dayashankor the veteran of the Company, the Sir Henry Irving of this side of India is also an actor well worth seeing, but the whole staging of the play is so good it is impossible to particularise beyond the chief of the principals.

THE EMPIRE BIOSCOPE.

For those who revel in adventure, but prefer to look on rather than to participate, there is ample opportunity at the Empire Bioscope in the Paris Cinematograph tent on the Maidan. In company with a giddy crowd of actors and actresses—surely the most harum-scarum company of tourists ever got into one airship—the visitor to the Bioscope can tumble over mountain tops, dash through the moon, knock up against fantastic and hitherto undiscovered worlds, come face to face with a bold bad burglar in the bed room of a beautiful brunette; and in fact, yet transported to some of the most impossible places and excruciating situation this vale of humour can afford.

THE LATE MR. N. E. MEHTA.

JUDICIAL SYMPATHY.

In the Court of Small Causes yesterday, Khan Bahadur M. H. Hakim, the third Judge, on taking his seat and before beginning the Court's work, addressed a large number of practitioners of the Court, and referred in a very feeling manner to the sad and untimely death of Mr. N. E. Mehta, a successful practitioner of the Court. The learned Judge bore eloquent testimony to the sterling qualities of head and heart of the deceased pleader, and observed that his advocacy was able, honest and fearless.

Mr. Manchhashanker Jivanram on behalf of the Bar replied, and thanked the learned Judge for his sympathy with the Bar and in endorsing the remarks of the learned Judge, stated that in the premature death of Mr. Mehta they had lost a pleader whose qualities as an advocate and friend were held in the highest estimation by all.

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Breakfast
SCONES
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"Paisley Flour."
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Recipe on every Packet

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Size 90in. by 60in. with fringed ends, Rs. 12 each.

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RUBBER TYRES
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MOTOR CAR TYRES.
Inner Tubes & Outer Covers of all Sizes.
RUBBER MATTING, ACCUMULATORS
HORNS, &c., &c., &c.,
BICYCLE ACCESSORIES,
Tyres, Tubes, Etc., of Best DUNLOP make.
OUR GOODS CHALLENGE COMPETITION
AND
ARE GUARANTEED TO BE WITHOUT
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For prices etc., apply to
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MESSRS. FRENCHMAN & Co.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1906.

ARTISANS' DWELLINGS.

No doubt the Bombay Improvement Trust has studied all that London and other populous English cities have to teach on the subject of Artisans' Dwellings. Let us therefore invite its attention to those of Paris where Messrs. Rothschild have recently devoted a sum of ten million francs to the erection of houses for workmen. At the present time three-fourths of the population of Paris live in court-yards that are virtually wells, the air of which remains constantly unchanged, or in narrow ill-ventilated streets. A heavy death-rate and an impoverishment of national physique are the result. With a view to putting an end to this pernicious state of things and to provide the people with rational, healthy and comfortable dwellings the new buildings were decided upon. Had Messrs. Rothschild set us the example earlier we might have profited more by adopting their methods, for the state of things they had to deal with was very much like our own. To begin with, they invited competitive designs and M. Augustin Rey, a Parisian architect took the prize for his plans. The buildings are described by M. H. Frantz in the April number of the "Studio," as an important contribution to modern architecture, a real revolution which must profoundly influence feeling in general as regards the comfort and hygiene of the block-dwelling. And judging from the plans and drawings, which our contemporary reproduces, we do not think he over-states the case. We are assured that M. Rey approached his task with a well-founded knowledge of the matter in hand. He has carefully studied all that has been done in this line by other countries. He has kept himself abreast of all the scientific discoveries bearing upon hygiene. Consequently he has omitted nothing in the general disposition of the property in the matter of light and air, fundamental considerations in the erection of healty dwellings. A triangular site has to be dealt with and the buildings are so arranged as to allow every part to be ventilated by any wind that blows, though they are protected from those most prejudical to health.

In designing his buildings the architect declared himself antagonistic to the inner courtyard—as being the most favourable ground for the development of tuberculosis and other bacterial diseases. Inner courtyards have been replaced by squares with wide openings on to the public highways, so that the air should circulate freely everywhere amongst the trees—"for the creation of these open spaces is inseparably associated with the planting of trees, those great purifiers of the air, and we find plantation of wide-spreading trees indicated throughout the plan, both in the court-yards and on the street frontages." The passage is one which may be forcibly impressed on the Improvement Trust whose officers, unfortunately, do not seem to appreciate the value of trees as purifiers of the air and either fell, or permit to be felled, many trees which are both useful and ornamental. The big tree by the Bandstand, by the way, is a case in point and its removal has not only robbed the road of an ornament, but done away with an "island", the want of which will become more pronounced when the buildings at the end of the footpathless thoroughfare are occupied. But to return to the Rothschild buildings. Light makes its way everywhere—into the lower as well as the upper storeys through large openings unobscured by any projection from above, and floods the whole interior, both floors and ceilings. Recognising that the staircase is the main channel of good or bad hygienic conditions throughout the dwelling-house, M. Rey has in each case left it open on both sides. The stair-cases serve to separate the sets of lodgings from one another and are straight flights with landings at intervals. The steps curve outwards, so that children, who form more than three-fourths of the inhabitants, may find close to the walls, where very low handrails are provided for their use, narrow steps suited to their feet, while in the centre the treads are of ordinary width for grown-up people. The storeys are ten feet high and sash windows go the whole height of the rooms. None of the rooms are dark. Even the cupboards with which the rooms are furnished are ventilated and the kitchens have a free current of air which carries all odours outside. A shoot conveys away all refuse, and baths are also provided.

Nothing that can conduce to the comfort and convenience of the inhabitants has been overlooked in the designing of the Rothschild buildings. How common it is in a working-class household, observes M. Frantz, to see linen hanging out to dry above beds and cradles, blocking out the daylight and saturating the walls with moisture. But here the clothes are to be washed outside the dwelling and, therefore, there is a common laundry where the women can do washing by turns. In the matter of drying clothes, only a thorough reformation can furnish a solution of the problem. So the perforated compartments, built of cement, are attached to each dwelling and furnish the means for drying in the open air. This simple solution of the problem allowed also for the construction of spacious terraces where the tenants can enjoy the open air in the evenings with their children. A very considerable saving is effected in the construction and maintenance of industrial dwellings by this contrivance. Attention has also been paid to the exterior appearance of the buildings. Care has been taken that they shall not resemble barracks in their plainness, with high walls, broken only by windows "and other structural features due to the mere brutal necessities of the architectural plan. Rational decoration has abolished all meretricious and useless projections." Besides exercising care that there shall be judicious proportion between fillings and spacings, Mr. Rey has added a small balcony for the flowers which lead to great results. The ground floors have been devoted to use as shops as in this country, and their rents serve to bring down those of the dwelling-houses. The question of cost has, of course, to be considered. It has not been lost sight of in these, and one shilling and seven-pence per week will pay for a living room of 1,300 cubic feet capacity, while twelve pounds a year would secure a flat of three rooms—three and a half per cent on the outlay. Modified buildings to meet the requirements of Indian working-man might be put up for much less and yield a far higher return at the same time providing much superior accommodation to that now offered.

In Search of Knowledge.

THE surest indication of the depth of the movement, which has become apparent in China, towards the adoption of western methods is to be found in the great increase in the search of the education. Unwilling or unable as the majority are to proceed to the West for first hand information, the Chinese student is passing in a steadily increasing stream to Japan. Two young men, who started from Chekiang, nine years ago, were the first Chinese students to be officially commissioned to go to Japan. Three years ago, there were five hundred and ninety-one Chinese students in Japan; in 1904, they increased on an average at the rate of one hundred a month, and at the beginning of last year, there were 2,406 such students in Japan, a number that increased to 8,620 by the end of November. This has proved a great strain on the accommodation in the Japanese educational institutions as well as upon the teaching staff, especially in Tokio, whither ninety-eight per cent. of the students have gone. The registration of the students shows that the movement in China is national and not local, with the exception of Kanon every Province contributes its quota, Hunan, once the most backward Province, heading the list. A writer in Tokio draws a picture of these visitors. About half of them are supported by their respective Provinces, the other half coming privately. "They are not the goggle-wearing slow-going literati of yesterday. In their military uniforms and with their sprightly step, one finds in them a new type—the alert aggressive literati of to-morrow."

One of their chief difficulties is an ignorance of the language and, of the two years allotted, a great time has to be devoted to learning this before the special subjects can be taken up. Such a sudden and shallow introduction to the learning of the world has proved that a little learning is a dangerous thing and the presence of a few Chinese reformers of the Radical type has tended to make the students hot-headed, in some cases even revolutionary. Those who study them on the spot, however, seem confident that it is but a passing phase which will give place to a full recognition of the patience and self-restraint shown by the moulders of thought in Japan. Their teachers have uniformly adopted a Conservative tone and, says the writer to whom we have referred, "the effect on the students is that a substantial majority of them are Conservative in their attitude and amenable to the sobering influences of reason and experience". It would seem that here is an opportunity for checking the anti-foreign movement in China. It is the over-zeal of the awakening which the Japanese teaching will do much to calm. Thousands of these students will become school-teachers in the towns and villages of China, hundreds will rise to professorships in the higher institutions and some will even hold position of national importance. It would be impossible to overestimate the value of instilling into these pioneers the truth that it is only by open mindedness that their ideal can be accomplished, that the resources of China can be properly developed and be of their full value to the country and that, however great their zeal, their progress must be slow unless it be guided by those who are experts in the various branches which have made for the progress of the world.

Reduction in War Maps.

Germany has invented a plan which will considerably reduce the baggage of the Army Staff in the matter of maps. The carrying about of large scale maps, though most cumbersome, is a necessity of a campaign in the field or in manœuvres and, as a rule, whole box-loads of them have to be carted about. Germany, according to "L'Energie Francaise" has experimented with an apparatus which will enable the staff to carry any number of maps in small volume and of moderate weight. A retired Bavarian officer is the author of this invention and it is now the property of a Berlin chemist. By it the map of the German Field Staff, photographically reduced to one hundred-thousandth of its size, is fixed on a glass square measuring five centimetres on each side. A powerful lens, placed in front of this little plate, can be moved both horizontally and vertically; being thus brought over the part of the map to be examined, it reveals at once a circle of three or four kilometres in diameter, magnified to the original scale of the map. The apparatus can be employed by night or day. In the day, light comes through a small aperture like a window in the apparatus, and at night a small electric lamp supplies it. The advantages of the system are its light weight and small size, and the fact that large numbers of maps can be carried in limited compass and can be read at all times, night and day.

The Municipal President.

The discussion which took place at the meeting of the Corporation on Monday afternoon, on the subject of the President's position, is a healthy sign. The Corporation has not always been so jealous of the dignity of its chair as it ought to have been. In Municipal boroughs in England, the president, that is the Mayor, is by virtue of his office the first citizen of the borough and takes precedence as such. He is Chairman of the local Bench of Magistrates and presides at any public meeting he attends, if he so pleases. In Bombay he has been frequently ignored and passed over at the instance of persons whose ignorance was the only excuse for their conduct. If the Corporation will but follow on the lines adopted on Monday, they will add to their own dignity as well as that of their President. The President of the Corporation can quite consistently serve as a member on the Standing Committee, the Port Trust or any other Local Board which has the good of the city and the community for its object. It is not necessary that he should be president of them, but of town's meetings, meetings to arrange general receptions of distinguished visitors and the like, he has, or should have, a prescriptive right of conducting the proceedings.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I Railway for the week ending 17th March, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1905, of 99,835 mds. and Rs. 49,184 in the earnings.

THE Portuguese Gunboat Sado, under the command of Captain J. A. La Roche Barbose Laduvice, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marmugoa, which port she left on the 7th April.

IN view of the approaching Easter Holidays special attention is being attracted to Puri as a seaside resort, and the Bengal-Nagpur Railway is going out of its way to afford facilities for intending visitors.

THE tigress wounded by her Excellency Lady Minto in the Chainpur Jungles during the Viceroy's recent shikar excursion in Palamow, was found dead in the scrub at a spot about four miles from the place where it was shot at.

FOLLOWERS of the Ootacamund Hounds will be glad to hear that Colonel Richard Lawley, who is in India on a visit, has consented to be Master, this season. Colonel Lawley was Master before, while Military Secretary to his brother Lord Wenlock, and was one of the most efficient Masters the O. H. ever had.

A SALUTE of 15 guns will be fired from the Colaba North Battery at sunrise on Thursday, the 12th April, to announce the departure from Bombay of the Honourable Mr. E. M. H. Fulton, C.S.I., Member of the Executive Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway, for the week ending 24th February amounted to Rs. 1,787, being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 679. Total earnings from 1st Jan. to 24th February, were Rs. 12,664, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 4,757.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway for the week ending 24th February, amounted to Rs. 30,137, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 8,324. Total earnings from 1st January to 24th February, were Rs. 3,06,439, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,58,130.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 24th February, amounted to Rs. 5,022, being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 160. Total earnings from 1st January to 24th February, were Rs. 35,333, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,021.

THE leading London and Liverpool rubber buyer have agreed, the "Times of Ceylon's" London correspondent wires, that from the 2nd July, the uniform drafts on all rubber, shall be ¼ per cent. on the gross sterling amount of the invoice, the discount to continue as heretofore.

THE "Times" reproduces an interesting extract from some English letters, captured 100 years ago by an English squadron, addressed to a correspondent in Calcutta, part of which reads: "I consider peace in India is impossible. Would to God we had never known either of the Indies; we should then have been a happy people! Strictly speaking, we may call the Indies the tomb of the English!"

A LECTURE was delivered at the Indian Institute, Oxford, on March 17. by Mr. A. G. Wise on. "The Education of Coolie Children on Plantations in India and Ceylon." The chair was taken by Mr. R. W. Lee, Fellow of Worcester College. Resolutions were passed, urging the carrying out of the recommendations of the Ceylon Elementary Commission (1905), for the inspection of line schools, with a stipulation that, in the event of a planter's failing to provide education for the children, the Government should be empowered to compel him to establish a school; also that the Government of India should make adequate provision for the education of children on tea gardens. These resolutions have been forwarded to the Secretaries of State for India and the Colonies.

IN reply to a question in the House, as to the arrangements for the Australian mail service, Mr. Buxton stated—The arrangements are as follows:—Under a contract with the P. and O. Company for a mail service to and from India, China, and Australia, a fortnightly service is provided by his Majesty's Government to and from Australia; and under a contract with the Orient Company an alternating fortnightly service in both directions is provided by the Australian Government. Both contracts expire on January 31, 1908. The Commonwealth Government have made no arrangements with the Home Government on the subject of the carriage of mails after that date.

MR. JAMES BRYCE, at the Civil Engineers' dinner replying for the House of Commons, said: The present House of Commons was a young House, and it had all the innocence of youth. It had, however, done no harm up to the present, and let them hope it would always live up to the innocence of its childhood. It had shown a desire to go to bed early, and there was no feeling so predominant with the young members as a wish to shorten the sittings. There was also an impatience for work, and the Government would try and find them some as soon as possible. This was the seventh House of Commons he had seen, and among those he had seen none had shown so high an average talent. Of the new members a dozen had given proof of powers of speech one rarely found in a deliberative assembly. Let them hope that that energy would be wisely directed. A great representative assembly was a great reservoir of power and light, like a great dynamo, in which so much latent force lay hidden, and it was possible that if that power went wrong great harm might result.

IT is reported in New York that Mr. J. D. Rockfeller is now in a state bordering upon metal collapse as the result of the inquiry by the Missouri Legislature into the Standard Oil Company, and the illness of his eldest daughter, Mrs Strong who is at Cannes. Mr. Rockefeller is now on his estate at Lakewood, strictly guarded against the approach of any process servers. The Lakewood correspondent of the "New York Times" reports that the oil king recently installed powerful searchlights at his home. At night his armed scouts patrol the estate, with instructions, it is said, to shoot any intruder found lurking around the place after nightfall. Is there any other quasi-civilised country in the world except Russia, in which a Big-Pot millionaire would be allowed to establish himself in the conditions herein described, and be permitted to issue such illegal orders to a band of hired ruffians without being at once brought to book by the local authorities?

A PLEA FOR THE CHARITY BAZAAR.

THE season of bazaars antedates the season of fogs and occasional snow. It opens a month or so before the first autumnal visitation of acrid darkness. It passes just when the rustic primroses announce that the powers of winter have fled like an army defeated. There is indeed a base variety of bazaar which forces its meretricious joys into competition with the summer's gladness, but it is careful to disguise itself under another name. Like snow in May, it is ashamed of itself. There will be few bazaars until dark November days come again, with their plea for some interests to mitigate their oppressive dulness. The home-coming bread-winner has often of late heard the concerted whirr of sewing machines, much [illegible] and he has wisely stolen to his own [illegible] ears have once and again in the late afternoon been greeted by voices in eager confabulation, tones more argentine and sustained than those with which his days familiarise him; and he has fortively sought the seclusion of his den. Now he knows that these things have passed for the present.

Mankind might, in the manner of Ruskin and Charles Lamb, be usefully classified into the lovers of bazaars and the haters of them. The present writer must take leave definitely to range himself with the former species of men. He loves bazaars with a rather tepid and wholly discriminating love. He is aware of their drawbacks. The prolonged trouble incident to the preparation of them, the dislocation of minor interests which attend the furnishing of them, the sand in the household machine for which they are accountable, make an appreciable total of temporary discomfort. Under the kindly shelter of anonymity it is open to him to state that though the lady who presides over his felicity is ordinarily a pattern of all housewifely craft, the imminence of a bazaar disturbs her equipoise. Once or twice he has found that the house became a "vast convient" of disorder. Meals occurred with disconcerting unpunctuality, apparently because the diningroom table—the largest in the house—was unseasonably cumbered. But the consolation remains that the discomfort is, after all, only occasional, and that the disorder was a part of the discipline of life which has been merged in a larger good. It must be remembered too that here, as elsewhere in mundane affairs, those who take most trouble are the last to raise voices of protest.

Like some other human institutions, bazaars stand in need of being moralised. It is greatly to be desired that some Amphictyonic Council or other would pass a regulative law that the same people should not be concerned in a bazaar more than once in every four years. Let the bazaar come quadrennially, like the decorators and the general election, and many croakers would be silenced. Bazaars are undeniably instruments of happiness. He who would refuse them rank among the amenities of life cannot have impartially considered the evidence. They afford the pleasures of anticipation in rich variety. The wit of man has invented no happier device for blessing those who give more than those who take. And therefore they should not be vetoed on the ground of cost. They are among the pleasures which must be paid for, in strict compliance with a wise sumptuary law.

There are sceptics who insistently ask whether the bazaar and its accessories are a licit pleasure. They have been heard to declare that they ought to be classed among forbidden delights. If the end could be held to justify the means, their scepticism might be safely disregarded. But unfortunately this is just the assumption which ought to be rejected "in limine." Raffles, however subtly disguised as co-operative purchase or equality of opportunity, cannot be approved as fit devices for the procuring of holy stones and consecrated plenishings. Every stone will, each in its place, hereafter cry out against such iniquities. When a worthy purpose is served by unworthy means there remains an infection, the germs of which may lay dormant but not the less ready to assert their maleficent vitality when the methods themselves have been forgotten. A bazaar should, from start to finish, be dominated by a moral ideal. It should be welcomed as a notable opportunity of binding people together by the force of a common enthusiasm. Nothing teaches sympathy and generates enthusiasm more effectively than a simultaneous effort in a common cause. From this point of view even a foolish cause may be beneficent a simple truth which is not always perceived by historians and philosophers.

A bazaar is to be valued primarily for the opportunity which it gives of binding honest folk together in golden bonds of sympathy. The raising of a needed sum of money is really a secondary end, which might often, if people only knew it, be less toilsomely compassed by other means. Hence it is that bazaars should be more frequent in poor districts than in rich ones. The rich may fairly be called upon to give largely of their substance whereas people of small means may be twice blessed by giving of their time and labour. As an expedient for directing many rills of self-sacrificing endeavour into one great beneficent stream the bazaar may be made to bless a whole region of charitable activity. When once the channel is fixed and known it is astonishing what runlets of selfdenial haste to swell it. But it is an expedient which should be used sparingly and with skilful adjustment to the ends to be gained. Our minister discovered the effectiveness of the bazaar some years ago, and in his case it was an unhappy discovery. Ever since he has shown a desire to have recourse to it whenever there is a hint of financial depletion. The proper use of a bazaar, like that of an alpenstock, is occasional. In our church we are coming to use it as a crutch,

Certain first principles should be imposed upon all promoters of bazaars such as that which prescribes that honest goods should be sold for what they are honestly worth. The practice of adding a fixed supplement to the value, as a charitable contribution, leads to the practice of a nauseating cajolery which is often followed by a contemptuous chagrin when the witchery has been effective in teasing the inflated price from the purchaser's pocket. It is well in bazaar promotion to err on the side of strait-laced Puritanism for the sake of the after effects. The Horatian counsel unblushingly given by a reverend divine in opening a recent bazaar, Make money—honestly if you can, but make money, should be reprimanded by bazaar promoters alike as bad morals and bad business. Some innocent blandishment, some playful badinage, some pleasant make-believe, even some dressing for their parts must be allowed in bazaar promotion. The well-managed bazaar has a subsidiary purpose of promoting social intercourse, and these things have a cementing quality which should not be misesteemed. But they should be regulated, and regulated from the centre. In this as in other regards a heavy responsibility rests upon the promoters of bazaars in connection with the churches. When a damsel whom you have known in ordinary life as the embodiment of modesty and sweet decorum sails up to you with meretricious wile advertised in the upper part of her, and abbreviated skirts at the other extremity, which, however accordant with the associations of Alpine pastures, are grotesque in an English town hall, you feel instinctively that there has been a sacrifice of the fitness of things for a transitory gain.

Blandishment, certainly, and the arts of pretty persuasion; for they are a part of the game as it should be played on such occasions by the eternal feminine, just as it is a part of the game, for the male purchaser at least, to yield to them with a fine pretence of unwilling submission which imposes on nobody, or else to steel himself against them on condition that he knows how "from such a sharp and waspish word as 'No' to pluck the sting." But among the canons which govern the conduct of Christian bazaars that old heathen one "Nothing too much should stand plainly emblazoned.

THE approximate statement of Traffic of the Barsi Light Railway Company, Limited, (2159 miles open) for the week ending 31st March, 1906, amounted to Rs. 3,313, being a decrease of Rs. 3126 on the corresponding week of last year. The total earning from 1st to 31st March, 1906, were Rs. 30,690, being a decrease of Rs. 22,596.

THE LIBERAL EDUCATION BILL.

DISTURBING THE HORNETS' NEST.

Denominational Instruction.

A SOP FOR LLOYD-GEORGE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 9.

Mr. Birrell, the President of the Board of Education, introduced his Education Bill to-night in the Commons. It provides that after the 1st January 1908 no elementary school will receive public money unless publicly controlled, including the appointment of teachers. There will be no religious test, but in voluntary schools, already transferred, the condition will be that facilities for denominational teaching shall be provided and these should be granted outside the school house at the expense of the denomination Similar facilities should be granted by the other transferred voluntary schools in the urban districts where four-fifths of the parents desire it. This clause is apparently intended to placate the Catholics.

The Exchequer will provide a million further, annually, for acquiring the voluntary schools. The Bill will establish a National Council of Education in Wales.

LONDON, APRIL 10.

The Education Bill is described as a masterpiece of ingenuity, but is not expected to allay the religious strife.

The Unionist papers consider it is doomed to failure.

The Catholics are surprised and indignant.

The Liberal papers threaten that if the Anglicans and Catholics reject it, a compromise of secularisation is inevitable.

It is understood that Mr. Balfour will move an Amendment to the Bill after Easter.

The Labourites will move an Amendment demanding secularisation.

THE VESUVIUS ERUPTION.

King of Italy Visits the Sufferers.

FALLING LAVA CRUSHES A MARKET AT NAPLES.

MANY KILLED AND INJURED.

LONDON, APRIL 9.

King Victor Emmanuel has arrived at Vesuvius and is touring the stricken district over bad roads covered with ashes. His Majesty is enthusiastically cheered everywhere.

LONDON, APRIL 10.

Their Italian Majesties visited Vesuvius yesterday. The journey was a perilous one whirling cinders and sand darkened the air and impeded respiration. The mud was a foot deep and stopped the motor-cars. The suite declined to proceed, but their Majesties were not dismayed and advanced to the street of lava and visited Torre Annunziata and Ottojano and other villages and ordered a distribution of food. Two hundred perished in the district of San Giuseppe, including the congregation of a church, the roof of which fell in.

LATER.

The roof of the Monte Oliveto market at Naples has collapsed. Seven dead and seventy injured have so far been extracted from the debris. It is presumed the accident is owing to the weight of lava from Vesuvius which fell on it.

THE COMING BUDGET.

LONDON, APRIL 9.

Mr. Asquith will present his Budget on the 30th instant.

THE ENGLISH ROYALTIES.

Two Tours Unite.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra are at Messina and will attend the Olympic games at Athens with the Prince and Princess of Wales.

THE RUSSIAN ELECTIONS.

Democrats at Moscow.

Moscow has returned 160 electors, all Constitutional Democrats.

THE GREEK ELECTIONS.

The Greek elections show a large Theotakist majority.

DISTURBANCES AT MESHED.

Twenty Europeans Reported Killed.

LONDON, APRIL 10.

Serious disturbances are reported from Meshed where it is stated twenty Europeans have been killed.

PLAGUE IN A BOMBAY STEAMER.

Four Cases at Philadelphia.

Four lascars on the steamer Burrsfield from Bombay which arrived at Philadelphia, are suffering from plague and two were buried at sea.

LECTURE ON SEISTAN.

Lord Curzon's Appreciation.

Major Sir A. Macmahon gave a lecture on Seistan at the Royal Geographical Society last night.

Lord Curzon who was present paid a high tribute to Sir A. Macmahon.

LORD KITCHENER'S REGIME CRITICISED.

"Times'" Serious Charges.

INDIAN SITUATION "FRAUGHT WITH GRAVE DANGER"

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, APRIL 10.

The "Times" publishes a long letter from its special correspondent strongly criticizing Lord Kitchener's administration. He complains of his attitude towards the Native Army which has produced discontent and unrest and a difficulty in recruiting, his neglect of personal courtesies to which native officers have been accustomed, his want of knowledge of the Indian character and his constitutional intolerance of opposition.

The correspondent adds the same defects of character, of which many dread the consequences in India, led to an incipient mutiny in the Sudan just prior to Lord Kitchener's departure for South Africa. The correspondent says he makes these charges in the presence of a situation which, he believes, is fraught with grave danger to the interest and even the safety of India.

CEYLON PEARL FISHERY.

Statement in Parliament.

Mr. Winston Churchill, replying to a question in the Commons, said the lease of the Ceylon Pearl fisheries had not been advertised as presumably the late Government considered the contract unsuitable for public tender.

THE NATAL RISING.

Bambaata's Kraals Destroyed.

News from Natal states that Bambaata's crops and kraals have been destroyed and the Militia are returning to their homes.

THE NEW RUSSIAN LOAN.

France to Take More than Half.

Arrangements for a new Russian loan are approaching completion. It is believed the amount will be eighty to ninety millions sterling at five per cent.

France is taking fifty millions and the rest is divided between Russia, England, America and Holland.

INTEMPERANCE IN INDIA.

APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

At the annual meeting of the Calcutta Temperance Federation, Dr. Harold Mann, the President, announced that in Christmas week of this year, a more earnest and thorough temperance campaign will be initiated throughout India. The following resolution was adopted: "That this meeting of the Calcutta Temperance Federation views with alarm the undoubted and continuous increase in the consumption of alcoholic liquors in India, and particularly in Calcutta, and urges Government to take immediate action upon the report of the Excise Inquiry Committee, which will check the growth of the drink habit."

ACCIDENT AT HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

LION ATTACKS ITS TRAINER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

Last night at Harmston's Circus rather a serious accident happened to Captain Lindo. He was just leaving the cage when the lion jumped on him and clenched him severely leaving marks of the teeth in the lower jaw on Lindo's back. Lindo sprang out and when in the middle of the arena fell in a faint and was attended to by a chemist's assistant who happened to be near. Captain Lindo had recovered this morning.

THE AUTHOR OF "BANDE MATARAM."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

At a meeting largely attended by Bengalees in honour of the late Bankim Chunder Chatterjee the well-known Bengalee poet the proceedings were enlivened by a brass-band playing "Bande Mataram" of which Bankim seems to have been the author.

THE DARJEELING MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

In connection with the murder of the late Mr. Goss, the Committee of the Darjeeling Planters Association have decided to engage a pleader to watch the case on behalf of the Association.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE,

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 10.

The following officers have been selected for appointment as supernumerary Assistant Commissioners in the Punjab Commission:—Lieutenant Mckenzie, 8th Rajputs, Lieutenant Neale, 114th Maharattas, and Lieutenant Biscoe, 19th Lancers.

Captain Wilford, 30th Lancers, is appointed to the Burma Military Police.

Captain Gardner, Royal Fusiliers, and Lieutenant the Hon. Hore-Rathven, Royal Highlanders, have been selected for service with the Egyptian Army.

Major Lester, 11th Maharattas, is appointed Recruiting Staff Officer for Rajputana and Central India, Hindus and Mussalmans.

Lieutenant Tyrrell, 25th Punjabis, has been selected for appointment to the King's African Rifles.

Lieutenant Nation, 5th Infantry, is appointed to 2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

INSPECTION OF HORSE BREEDING COLONIES.

AN UNIQUE ADDRESS IN PUSHTU.

PRAYER FOR EXEMPTION FROM LAW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MALAKAND, APRIL 10.

The day at Mona which was reached early yesterday morning, was a quiet one, the only events being an inspection of a paddock of Baluchistan stock and young donkey stock in the morning, and of the Jhelum Canal Colony stallions and mules and 2 and 3 years' old horse stock. Their Excellencies were the guests of Captain Bruce and were accommodated in his bungalow which is about four miles from the station. After the evening's inspection their Excellencies and Staff drove to the station. Dinner was served on the train which left for Nowshera at 9-15 last night, and arrived there at 7 this morning. The Chief Commissioner received their Excellencies on the platform on which was drawn up a guard-of-honour from the 28th Punjabis. His Excellency, escorted by the 8th Lancers, drove direct to the review ground where a review of troops was held. Breakfast was taken on the special and later the party boarded the narrow gauge special bound for Dargai.

On arrival at Dargai His Excellency was conducted to a lawn just outside the station where the Sam Ranizai Jirga had assembled with the purpose of presenting an address which was written in Pushtu verse. The following is the translation:—

"In praise of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, Grand Master of the Indian Empire. Oh, people, the time for happiness has come. How far shall I extol heavenly favours! The whole of the Sam Ranizai country has become musk and ambergris when the Nawab Sahib Bahadur (His Excellency) has come. The world is coloured with the blessings of your justice; even the scene of tyranny is not left in the country. You are friend to the poor, cherisher of the poor and kind to the poor. You are spreader of justice, bright and exalted. You are of good family, good titles and good habits, kind appreciation and of high class in generosity. You are as if Hatim, the Spreader of Pearls. In Justice, you are just like Nausherwan. Your people (subjects) are in comfort on account of your many favours. Your subjects are in peace. Everywhere the fame of your equity has far travelled in the country—in Kabul, Badakshan, China and Khotan. Our territory has become green and full of light. When your Lordship has placed on it your blessed foot the star of your fortune has come into motion. By your coming our director has become auspicious.

"With our folded hands and with great respect we make a humble representation of your Excellency to exalt us. It is about twelve years since we are under the shadow of Government and all the officers who are in the Malakand. We submit to do their service with sincerity; with our heads and eyes we accept their order. We all are pleased with them in every way. In good manner, with freedom we do our habitual affairs. Government has done no interference. Our old customs are as they were. Every man is happy and pleased with the Government. We make our first representation that this should continue for ever and our country be exempted from law. Oh, you of exalted dignity.

"Our second representation is this that the proposals for the Swat Canal which are in hand, your Excellency may do us kindness in bringing it out. All the people will be uttering blessings for it. We, the poor people, have this third request to make that the train stays for the night at Mardan, if the stay for the night be sanctioned at Dargai much good is thought of. In this there will be much gain to the Government, also the poor traveller will be relieved of trouble. Our fourth request is that the broad gauge line be put so that the profit to trade should be two-fold. We hope that these requests will be granted. We have placed our hands of respect on our breast."

Their Excellencies and Staff then rode up to the Malakand, a distance of about 10 miles and inspected the Fort and defences. This afternoon a visit will be paid to the scene of the fighting in 1897.

During the stay in Malakand their Excellencies will occupy the Political Agent's house.

THE POONA ELOPEMENT CASE.

BRAHMIN GIRL'S PRAYER FOR CHLOROFORM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA APRIL, 10.

A case which has caused considerable agitation among the Brahmin community of Poona concluded to-day before Mr. Kincaid, the Sessions Judge. In order to facilitate her flight with the Hospital Assistant of the Sassoon Hospital, named Wasedeo Barode Jeng, a Brahmin girl aged about 15, named Yemana, attempted to drug her husband by sprinkling chloroform on his bed. She obtained the bottle of chloroform from her lover and having successfully drugged her husband the lovers got away by the night train to Gwalior where, on the complaint of the unfortunate husband who is a mere youth, the runaway couple were arrested and brought back to Poona. The Hospital Assistant was tried on a charge of kidnapping the girl and a fortnight ago was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment. He was again placed on trial for abetting Yemana in attempting to administer chloroform to her husband. Fourteen love letters written by Yemana to Wasudew disclosed an extraordinary passion for her lover and in one she expressly asked for chloroform so that she might effect her escape from the brutal ill-treatment of her husband. The girl belonged to the Brahmin aristocracy and is exceedingly intelligent and pretty. The jury recommended her strongly to mercy and the judge sentenced her to five weeks' simple imprisonment and her paramour to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

A DROWNING FATALITY AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

A young lad, named J. John, living in Garden Reach, whilst bathing in the river was caught by a backwash of a steamer and drowned yesterday.

OFFICIAL CHANGES IN THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

Mr. L. P. Shirres, Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Financial and Municipal Departments, has a year's leave. Mr. J. McIntosh, Secretary, Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, officiates for him.

ARRIVAL OF PATRICK STEWART.

The Indian Government Telegraph steamer Patrick Stewart, under the command of Captain W. A. Tindall, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi which port she left on the 7th April. Last evening she proceeded out of the Bombay harbour again, to repair a fault in one of the Eastern Telegraph Company's cables.

SIR ANDREW FRASER.

THE "STATESMAN'S" MALEDICTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 10.

The "Statesman" ends a long and caustic article on Sir Andrew Fraser, who leaves Bengal, to-day, on six months' leave, as follows:—"But he may yet be impelled to confess that the Lieutenant-Governor can put his talents to a better use than that of devising casuistical defences for indefensible expedients, or attempting to govern a great Province by a system of espionage tempered by circulars."

LATER.

Sir Andrew Fraser made over charge to the Hon. Mr. L. Hare at noon to-day.

SIMLA, APRIL 10.

A "Gazette of India" Extraordinary notifies that consequent on the grant of leave to Sir Andrew Fraser, the Hon. Mr. Lancelot Hare is appointed to officiate as Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Mr. Hare assumed charge to-day.

THE AMRAOTI EXHIBITION.

SUCCESSFUL OPENING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRAOTI, APRIL 10.

For the first time in the history of Amraoti and probably of Berar the interesting ceremony of opening an Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition was performed this morning by the popular Deputy Commissioner Major Horsbrugh. Colonel Hastings, Commissioner of the Province, was unavoidably absent and sent a telegram of sympathy and encouragement. The proceedings began by the reading of this message, whilst Mr. Khaparde gave a brief history of the movement explaining that it originated in an attempt made by Mr. Y. G. Kesker, Editor and Proprietor of the "Promodsindhu" to establish an agricultural Museum. The idea was taken up by Mr. Godwin Austin, the then Deputy Commissioner, and encouraged and brought to fruition by his successor Major Horsbrugh.

In a few pregnant sentences Major Horsbrugh explained the aims and objects of the exhibition and formally opened it by turning a silver key. Mrs. Horsbrugh and many ladies, both European and Indian graced the occasion with their presence. All the gentry of the station together with a large number of visitors from the Central Provinces and Berar were present to witness the ceremony. The exhibition ground and the shamiana together with the various Courts were tastefully decorated and skilfully arranged by Mr. R.R. Abhayanker, L. C. E, Engineer and Secretary of the Exhibition and Mr. R. Y. Keskar, the Joint Secretary.

Mr. C. Shamrao, Extra Assistant Commissioner, as Chairman, and Mr. Jamnadas, as Vice-Chairman of the Managing Committee, spared no pains to render the occasion a complete success. The two bands in attendance discoursed sweet music to the assembly. There were thousands of exhibits shown by several exhibitors from various parts of India and more are arriving daily. The improved agricultural implements attracted great attention and an era of progress in that direction appears likely to be inaugurated. Several industrial groups and the Ladies' Section especially are well worth visiting and engaged the attention of the fair portion of the gathering.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon. The Honourable Mr. G. O. W. Dunn presided. There were also present. Brigadier-General R. M. Greenfield the Hon. Sir W. E. Hughes, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Mr. D. E. Wacha, Mr. C. H. B. Forbes, Mr. W. D. Sheppard, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtoola, Mr. Dwarkadas Dharmsey, Mr. J. S, Brown, Mr. G. W. Hatch and Mr. W. N. Shilstone, Secretary.

A letter from Mr. T. W. Cuffe, dated 2nd April 1906, applying for leave of absence from the meetings of the Board for a period of 6 1-2 months was recorded.

LAND COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The Board considered the following report of the Land Committee:—

"We have considered letter from the Engineer forwarding alternative plans showing how Plot No. 11-B on the Wodehouse Road may conveniently be laid out in view to a decision being arrived at as to the conditions which should attach to the sale of the plot and the purposes for which the building may be applied.

"We are of opinion—(a) That plan No. 2239 showing the area as one plot only is the more suitable and should be adopted; (b) that the right to the building lease of the plot should be put up to auction: (c) that the use of the building should be confined to shops, offices and residential purposes; (d) that the building should consist of not more than 5 floors above the ground level and should be restricted to a maximum height of 65 feet above plinth level; (e) that a building of some architectural merit is necessary and that stone-facing should be required; (f) that a deposit of Rs 10,000 should be paid at the auction, and two years' rent within one month thereof; (g) that the strips of land, 24 feet in width on the East side and 30 feet in width on the South side, should be reserved as garden space and that the remaining space should be sold as building area to which the regulations for ensuring sufficiency of light and air should apply; (h) that the cost of the building to be erected should not be less than one lakh; and (i) that the other conditions attaching to the building lease of the Esplanade plots should apply.

"We have had under consideration the question of the building regulation which limits the height of buildings. We have had regard to the wording of Clauses 11, 13 and 24 of the building regulations for the Princess Street Estate as compared with the wording of Section 52 of Act V of 1905, which amends the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888. We are of opinion that the building regulations now in force should remain unaltered, but that in future cases they should be made to conform to the Municipal rule and the limiting height be shown as 70 feet from the level of the crown of the road.

"We have considered revised plans of the building proposed to be erected on Plot No. 81, Hornby Road Estate, agreed to be leased to Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey. We approve of the plans subject to provision being made at each end of the building for escapes in case of fire.

"We have considered letter from the Engineer submitting an application from the Architects of the building erected by the Young Men's Christian Association on Plot No. 17—18, Wellington Lines, asking for permission to project weather shades over the south windows of the building as shown on plan submitted by them. We are of opinion that there is no objection to the proposed weather shades being provided.

"We have considered letter from Messrs. Gostling, Chambers and Fritchley, Architects, submitting drawings for the proposed building to be erected on Plot No. 15 facing the Colaba Causeway on the Wodehouse Road Estate, together with the reviews by the Engineer, and Mr. Begg, Consulting Architect to Government, thereon. We approve of the plans and recommend that they be sanctioned."

LAND FOR ELECTRICAL TRANSFORMING STATION.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Manager Tramway Company in regard to its application for 3 plots of land in Princess Street for the erection of a transforming station. The Manager intimated that the Company desired to take up the land at once and if the Board would let him know what amount they fixed as a reasonable price, he would cable home to his Board and let the Trust know if the offer was accepted.

It was resolved that on condition the Company took up all the five plots in Princess Street, they would be given at a rate of Rs. 60 per square yard.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

THE following Ladies' Races will be sailed to-morrow:—

A class, Course No. 17, start at 4-30 p. m. From Committee vessel round P. and O. Mooring Buoy "B" off Cross Island, round North Karanja Buoy, and back to the Committee Vessel, leaving all marks to Starboard. Length of course 6-3 miles.

B class, Course No. 14, start at 4-45 p. m. From Committee Vessel round N. Karanja Buoy having it to Port, and back to Committee Vessel. Length of course 4-6 miles.

Tomtit class. Course No. 2, reversed, turn round. From Committee Vessel round Mark Boat with R. Flag at S. Troopship Buoy, round Middle Ground Buoy, round Committee Vessel round Mark boat with R. Flag at S. Troopship Buoy round Middle Ground Buoy, leaving all marks to Port and back to Committee Vessel.

QUARANTINE OF HAJEES.

PETITION TO THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT

A PUBLIC meeting of the Mahomedans of Bombay was held yesterday evening at the Anjuman Hall, near the Victoria Terminus, with a view to memorialize Government to abolish the quarantine detention of the Hajees. His Highness Sir Sultan Muhamed Shah, the Aga Khan, presided.

In his opening remarks the Chairman said that even where it was admittedly necessary to enforce quarantine in order to safeguard against the spread of a disease like plague, people were found unwilling to submit to the inconveniences and hardships entailed by such regulations But in the present case, when it was absolutely unnecessary to impose quarantine, not only the inconveniences, but also the hardships to which the people coming to this city simply as a port of a embarkation were subjected became intolerable. The hardships they suffered when detained in quarantine could be better imagined than described We believed and they all concurred with him that it was absolutely unnecessary to detain pilgrims here for the purpose of observation. His reason for saying so was that an observation was necessary in a port of arrival and not in a port of departure. If the authorities at the port of departure arranged for an inspection of every outgoing passenger with a view to see that no one suffering from plague or some similar disease left from that port they would have done their duty. It was undoubtedly necessary that the authorities of the ports of arrival should impose quarantine. But as they all knew, the Turkish authorities insisted upon and most rigidly enforced ten days' quarantine in addition to the ten days' which were required to reach Jeddah. If that was so he failed to understand why Government should go to the expense of enforcing quarantine detention and inflict untold inconveniences and hardship on the unfortunate pilgrims who came here from all parts of India. He would go so far as to say that there was every reason why Government of India should expedite the departure of the pilgrims as far as possible. Plague was not the only disease they had to fight against. There were other equally cruel diseases which demanded their attention. It was quite possible that when large numbers of very poor and underfed people were segregated in a comparatively small area such dreadful diseases as cholera and small-pox were likely to break out in the camps. Under these circumstances he could not see for what reasons the Government of India, whose interests were absolutely the same as those of the pilgrims, namely, to expedite their departure from the port, should incur any expense of segregating these people and thereby causing them every inconvenience. (Cheers).

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola then moved that in the opinion of the meeting the quarantine detention now enforced by Government on the intending pilgrims to the Hedjaz should be abolished and that the memorial on the subject prepared by the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay be approved and adopted.

The memorial has already been published in these columns in extenso.

The Hon. Mr. Rahimtoola in support of his proposition said that the hardships the poor pilgrims suffered while on the pilgrimage had caused a great sensation amongst the Mahomedans of India. The first question for them to consider was, whether the time had now come when the quarantine detention, as imposed hitherto should be abolished. They would all answer that query in the affirmative. Statistics showed that during the last three seasons upwards of 47,000 pilgrims passed through the segregation camp at Pir Pao and that during the two previous seasons not a single case of plague was detected amongst them. It was only during the last season that a child was reported to be suffering from plague, but was eventually cured He asked them if the fact that only one child was reported to have been suffering from plague out of the forty-seven thousand pilgrims justified the action of the Government in continuing the quarantine restrictions. He would certainly say No. Those figures referred to seasons ending with the month of January and beginning of February, a time when generally plague began to assert itself in Bombay and elsewhere. Next year, the latest date of departure of the pilgrims would be shortly after the middle of December, and during every succeeding year it would be eleven days earlier. Looking to the time of departure in future years there appeared to be hardly any risk of a person suffering from plague leaving the country, even if he was permitted to depart with no precaution other than medical inspection. Continuing, the speaker said that in one of the dailies, a correspondence, probably by a European, had been contributed on the subject of quarantine. In his letter the writer favoured continuing the quarantine restrictions on the Mahomedan pilgrims. But the reasons he (the writer) assigned in support of his view were practically groundless. For instance, in the letter it was stated that no one who had travelled in the ships the pilgrims make their voyages in, could say how perfectly inadequate were the resources even of the best fitted ships to cope with the sickness that might break out amongst the pilgrims. This argument was refuted by another correspondent who wrote on the same subject under the style of "Master of Pilgrim-ship." This writer too, upheld the same view as the previous one but he wrote from practical experience that the accommodation, medical and sanitary and other arrangements now provided for the pilgrims on board, were indeed very good, and little sickness occurred during the outward voyages. Those instances that he (the speaker) had quoted would show them how groundless were the arguments put forth by those correspondents in favour of continuing the quarantine restrictions on the poor Mahomedan pilgrims. He was glad to see them all meet together that day, and hoped that Government would not fail to do the needful in the matter, as they had all unanimously prayed for redress from their benign Government. (Cheers).

Khan Sahib Kazi Mahomedali Moorgay seconded the proposition which was further supported by Mr. Haji Sooleman Abdul Wahid, and Mr. Mirza Alli Mahomedkhan.

The proposition was then put to the vote and was unanimously adopted.

On the proposition of Khan Bahadur Mahomed Hoosein Hakim seconded by Mr. Kazi Kabiroodin, and Mr. Nooroodin Ibrahim, it was resolved that the Chairman of the meeting and the Honorary Secretaries of the Anjuman be requested to forward the memorial to Government.

A hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the Chairman for presiding over the meeting.

His Highness the Aga Khan thanked the meeting for their cordial vote of thanks. He said he was glad to have had an opportunity to preside at this meeting. He sincerely hoped that in case they failed to get a redress for their grievances, for which they were memorialising the Bombay Government, they would not lose heart, but would hold similar meetings throughout India to petition the India Government. At times he had found that where one petition failed, repeated requests bore the desired fruit.

The meeting then dispersed.

BHOWNAGAR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNAGAR, APRIL 7.

The weather is hot this side during the day though the nights, after midnight, are cold. Dead rats are not found in shops and houses now, and the mortality is reduced. His Highness the Maharaja of Bhownagar has motored down to Silidre hills on a shooting expedition; whilst out shooting the other day, the Maharaja came upon two newly born cubs which were brought down to Bhownagar.

The Board of Control of the B. G. J. P. Ry. have sanctioned five lacs of rupees for the installation of electric lights in trains and vacuum brakes.

There is a project that a Railway line should run to Palitana, Sihore being the junction station. This project will take sometime to come in force.

OVERCROWDING ON THE RAILWAYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I should feel greatly obliged if you would kindly give a corner for the following few lines. On the 7th inst., I took train at Musjid Station at 8-10 p. m. No sooner had I got into the Railway compartment than so large a number of people rushed into the same carriage that there was hardly room for the breeze to play freely. We were in fact packed like sardines. Owing to the severe ravages of plague this year people have spread out in the suburbs. Every one, after the day's labour is hurrying off in the evening to reach home. At this time when the hot season has now set in, it is very important that the G. I. P. Ry. authorities should immediately take steps to relieve the travelling public from suffocation and contaminated air. The only way to do this is to add a sufficient number of carriages to all such over-crowded trains. By so doing they will be able to do real good to suffering humanity.—Yours, &c.

VENAYEK A. DHOTRE.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

The Royal Institute.

MME. FRICKENHAUS AT BECHSTEIN HALL.

"MEASURE FOR MEASURE" AT THE ADELPHI.

LONDON, MARCH 23.

The Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colours opens its doors to the public, and, in doing so, rouses us to the fact that the great picture shows of the London season will soon be upon us. The Royal Institute gives us cause to ponder. Here, on the walls of these handsome galleries—the most imposing and best—lighted in London—are hung some eight hundred and odd works—the flippant may say mostly odd. There is not in the whole length and breadth of the place a single work of distinction. We are bound to admit that. But there is scarcely a picture of them all that does not show long training and that severe application to the technical achievement of painting in water colour which means that all these painters are applying their lives to create works of art. The result is many ways pathetic to contemplate. Few of those who are straining all their resources to become masters of their craft in these rooms can ever hope to win anything but the most modest wage from their industry—fewer still can hope to win that delight which comes of great accomplishment. And such being so, the society would do well to rouse from their present state, and elect into their body the pick of the men and women who to-day are doing really remarkable work in water colour, and thus raise themselves into the best and most representative body that practises this art.

It is true that the society has amongst its number a few men of note, several of whom send nothing. A contemporary makes the work of Mr. Munnings the feature of the show. This is quite funny. Still, his work is sound enough; and as there is nothing to astound us we may as well go through the show, like the old ladies, by numbers. A flower-piece by Miss Turner is the first thing to stay our wandering gaze, and close by is a Coast Scene by Mr. Claude Hayes, painted with a fine feeling for vast spaces; and Mr. Montague Smyth's silvery Corotesque Idyl, one of the few successes of the exhibition. There is sound draughtsmanship and skilful spacing in Mr. Arthur G. Bell's Market Place, Falaise; then we come to a portrait study by Mr. Hal Hurst, in which he tries, with ill success, to repeat his achievement earlier in the year as a miniature painter. One recoils from the somewhat gaudy colouring of this study, but returns to it in a chastened spirit after having suffered the painful shock of his Sea King's Daughter and Over the Bounding Waves in the next room. Mr. Graham Petrie, in his Darkies—Tetuan, makes us feel the scorching heat of Africa even in his shadows, and renders a bare wall without any architectural features interesting through his treatment of these shadows. The Frozen Road of Mr. Birch, the Dutch Natives of Mr. Montague Smyth, in which he has caught the beauty of colour and handling of the modern Dutch school, born out of the genius of Anton Mauve; and Mr. G. Haite's Water-Wheel at Tangier complete the sum of the good things in the first room. Mr. Haite is at his best throughout the galleries, and shows his wonted slickness and facility, but he never rises above the clever sketch; attractive to the first glance, his pictures cannot stand the test of close inspection and analysis. They are the result less of personal observation than of a pleasure in bright colours, that never shrinks from falsifying the value of Nature.

In the next room, Miss Damain Hammond wins the first of several successes with her freely-handled paint and her well-drawn and as well-composed illustrations to writers. Her water-colours are illustrations pure and simple, and must be judged as such, for she lacks the painter's vision. Mr. Terrick Williams's Eastern picture, "The Entry, Tangier, Morocco, with its liquid shadows and effective composition, is preferable to his Cloudy Day, Concarneau in which the cloud-forms suffer from an irritating mannerism to which this able artist is addicted. Miss P. Townsend-Johnson's dainty and freely-painted little Grocer's Shop and Miss Nixon's charming sunlit Suburban Garden ought to find many admirers; and Mr. Winter-Shaw shows a fine sense of atmosphere in his tender little village scene, In the hour of sleep. His September Evening, on the other hand, is a complete failure—so lacking in form and substance that everything appears to be in a state of decomposition. Mr. Dudley Hardy is in sombre vein, but sends a delightful little Street in Concarneau. Mr. Stephen Baghot de la Bere has a freely-handled work. The Ragged Sentinel, of somewhat forced humour, knock-about fun that comes as an absolute relief. Mr. Dixon's large sea-piece of the King visiting the French Fleet has a cast-iron sense of decoration of its own that is not without a certain sense of breeziness, but his colour is forced, and the whole thing painted in a spirit of "parti pris. Can the Miss Gloag who painted this Clytie be the same who created the delightful little white lady in porcelain? If so, one can only deplore that she does not keep to sculpture. Her strength lies in an exquisite touch, broadly and freely employed. Why does not Miss Gloag throw all this classical riff-raff of the studios into the fire and paint her own generation? In this room is one of the best things that Mr. Almond has ever shown his Washing Place at Pont Aven.

Mme. Friskenhaus gave the other afternoon, at the above hall, a concert which proved thoroughly attractive. Mme. Frickenhaus is, of course, well known in London, but in the case of the best-known players one always likes to re-acquaint oneself with their art when they come to town. The concert opened with Weber's Sonata in D minor for the pianoforte, which Mme. Frickenhaus played in quite the right spirit, with perfect self-restraint, with daintiness of touch, and with excellent style. She also gave an Impromptu-Elegie by Percival Garrett, a work which at times strongly reminds one of passages in Tschaikowsky's Sixth Symphony, but which, nevertheless, has quite a charm; she played it smoothly, if not brilliantly. In the same composer's Mazurka she showed her fine musical temperament at times to great advantage; at other times it struck us that she was scarcely keen enough. In J. H. Moore's Berceuse not only were the same qualities to be found in this composition as those which we have mentioned in connection with the works of Mr. Garrett, but she played it in precisely the same way.

In the same composer's Concert Etude she showed that distinction which naturally belongs to what may be called the aristocracy of interpretation. In a word, Mme. Frickenhaus is never violent, has quite a beautiful sentiment for music, and has a charming technique. On the other hand, she seldom excites one's enthusiasm, nor does she stimulate, in any marked degree, one's musical feeling. You listen, you admire, but you are unmoved. There is certain quite perfection about her playing which leaves one a little cold. She assuredly has no positive faults, but one might describe her art in all praise chiefly in negatives. Miss Beatrice Formby played the violin, and in Wieniawski's Airs Russes she showed a certain amount of accomplishment; but her tone is at present too thin and, at times, she seemed to lose complete control over her instrument. Miss Percival Allen was the vocalist of the afternoon, and sang Purcell's Nymphs and Shepherds wonderfully well. Miss Allen not only has temperament and a beautiful voice, but she also has learnt the rare art of articulation. She never slurs or blurs her words, and she gives you the impression throughout all her work of being a thorough artist. In A. Somervell's Spring is Here, she sang with much gaiety and brilliance, and she was equally happy in Sir Charles Stanford's A Boat Song. She also sang Beethoven's Der Wachtelschlag with much dignity. She was accompanied extremely well by Miss Adami.

The most surprising thing about the revival of Measure for Measure was that the house was not full.

The pit, for instance, could certainly have held another hundred. The fact is the more surprising as Mr. Otho Stuart's previous Shakespearean revival have been of so high quality, and it had been publicly announced that every visitor to the theatre would be presented with a copy of the version arranged by Mr. Oscar Asche, together with the full text. The book is well worth having, it is the leather-bound temple edition of Measure, for Measure, with the Adelphi version bound in with it, and for frontispiece a portrait of Miss Lily Brayton as Isabella. Then there was the attraction of the company, unquestionable the best blank-verse speaking company in London. But so it was. What can have been the reason? Has the play-going public come so entirely to depend on the stage for its knowledge of Shakespeare as to imagine that none of his plays is worth seeing that is revived every year? The calls for the author at the end would suggest an even denser ignorance than that, though, perhaps, the gentleman they wanted was Mr. Oscar Asche, the adapter. Or can it be that the play-going public knows Measure for Measure very well, and holds it unfit to be represented in the theatre? However this may be, the fact is deplorable that whereas the first night of a play of which nothing is to be expected, produced by a management which has shaken the public confidence for years almost invariably crowds the house from floor to ceiling, Measure for Measure, a most interesting play by Shakespeare, produced by a manager who has done much to earn respect, and acted by a first-class company, did not last night fill the Adelphi.

Of all Shakespeare's plays, Measure for Measure is or is capable of being made to seem to be, the most modern. It is so easily to be mistaken for an anticipation of the problem play of to-day, or yesterday. It seems to moot the question raised in, say, Mr. Bernard Shaw's Mrs. Warren's Profession. What price should a woman place on her honour? Should she sacrifice it to save her brother's life? Then, again, the character of Angelo has the aspect of modernity. He is introspective in a degree very common in our stage heroes of to-day, but the reverse of common in the characters of Shakespeare. Another character that seems of to-day is Claudio, Isabella's erring brother, who stands to lose his head if his sister will not yield herself to Angelo. He has a most craven and un-Elizabethan horror of death, and his hysterical self-deceptions and self-falsifications smack of the inquisitive and speculative stage psychology of the twentieth century. Again, there is the magnificent speech of the Duke's, "Be absolute for death," which is full of sophistries, of intellectual luxuries such as Shakespeare usually denied himself, but now greatly in fashion. Not for nothing does Mr. Bernard Shaw regard Hamlet and As You Like It as very bad plays, and Measure for Measure as a masterpiece.

PROPERTY IN THE HANDS OF EXECUTORS.

A WIDOW'S CLAIM CONTESTED.

IN the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, the suit of Hafizabu daughter of Ibrahim Suleman Botta, and widow of Azam Husen of Rander, against Mahomed Kasam Morad and Isub Isabhoy, executors of the will of Isap Mahomed Suleman Botta, was called on. The plaintiff prayed that her share in the family property in the hands of the executors be ascertained and paid; and that the lands at Rander, in the Surat District, and a house in Nagdevi Street, Bombay, and 120 shares in the Rangoon Surti Borah Bazar Company, Limited, now in the hands of the defendants, be declared to be her own property, and they should be ordered to execute all conveyances, transfers, and other necessary acts in respect thereof. The Hon. Mr. Raikes, Advocate-General, with Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Lowndes, with Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the defendants.

Mr. Raikes said the first thing in the case was to settle the issues. He had consented to try the issues about the misjoinder; but he objected to the issues 5 and 6 about letters of administration.

For the purposes of the present arguments, Mr. Lowndes consented that the question should be fought out on the first four issues, and said that as the burden of showing the suit as not maintainable was on him, he should proceed with the pleadings.

The Advocate-General maintained that as it was he who had got to show there was no misjoinder, and the suit was properly formed, he should begin.

After some discussion, the Advocate-General was allowed to proceed. He said the issues must be determined upon the face of the plaint, whether the suit was correctly framed or not. He would give a geneology of the persons in the case. Ibrahim and Mahomed were sons of Suleman. Ibbrahim died first; Mahomed afterwards. Ibrahim left a widow Aminabu, and a daughter Hafizabu, the plaintiff. After Ibrahim's death. Mahomed married Aminabu; he had a son by her, named Isap. Defendants were Isap's executors. When Mahomed died, Aminabu succeeded to part of Mahomed's estate; when Aminabu died, plaintiff succeded to part of her estate.

The Advocate General read the plaint which showed that Ibrahim and Mahomed owned property jointly and carried on business in partnership. Ibrahim died first, Mahomed later, in 1833. The property was then valued at one lakh of rupees. Isap was sent to Mauritius by the plaintiff, where the business of the two brothers had been carried on, in 1855; he, in the same year, increased the property to thirty lakhs. Aminabu died in 1899; Isap died on 10th June 1902, leaving a will, of which the two defendants were the executors.

Defendants denied in their written statement that the plaintiff was entitled to the relief claimed. Her claims were barred by limitation. Ibrahim did not carry on business jointly with Mahomed; he died in the life time of his father. Mahomed's business was personal; no one had a share in it. From 1848 to 1862 he was in Mauritius. Suleman died in 1850; Aminabu on 31st December 1895, not in 1899. In 1877, the testator Isap returned to India from Mauritius, established several branches of business and increased in affluence. Since then his estate had still increased by many lakhs. His lordship held that there was misjoinder in this suit, and either the plaint must be amended, or a new suit filed.

HIGH COURT DECREES.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, sitting on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, disposed of the following short causes:—

Mr. William Brock Keen, official trustee, claimed to recover the sum of Rs. 3,839, with interest and costs, from Mr. C. C. Stewart, Mr Binning, instructed by Messrs. Smetham, Byrne, and Noble, appeared for the plaintiff. The defendant was not represented. Mr. Binning said that the late firm of William Watson and Co. acted as bankers for the defendant. The account between the parties was made up till the 1st June 1905, and the sum of Rs. 3,839 was the balance due by the defendant. The claim was proved, and his Lordship gave a decree for the amount of the claim, with interest and costs.

The Improvement Trust Board of Bombay sued Messrs. Meherji Johnston and Co., auctioneers, to recover Rs. 8,965 with interest and costs. The Hon Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs. There was no appearance for the defendants. Mr. Raikes said the defendants sold the materials of the properties the Trust had acquired. There was now due the sum of Rs. 8,965 from the defendants, who had closed their place of business. His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for the amount of their claim, with interest and costs.

Mr. Hormusji Muncherji Cama and others sued Abdul Rahim Ahmed for arrears of rent due by defendant, and for an order to vacate the premises he occupied. Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Pestonji, Rustim. and Kola, appeared for the plaintiffs. The defendant did not appear. Mr. Davar said the defendant had rented two shops belonging to the plaintiffs at Rs. 105 per month. In December last the defendant was served with a notice to vacate them, when rent for four months had remained due. Defendant did not vacate and had not paid the arrears of rent. His Lordship passed a decree for arrears of rent and ordered the defendant to vacate.

In another suit heard before his Lordship, Ebrahim Hassanbhoy sued Meya Shaik Gulam Mohideen Babun to recover the sum of Rs. 5,2·6, with interest and costs. Mr. G. R. Khairaz, instructed by Mr. Matubhai, Jamietram, Madon appeared for the plaintiff. Counsel said the plaintiff had sold to the defendant dried fish from time to time, for which the accounts had been adjusted between the parties. His Lordship gave a decree for the plaintiff for the amount of his claim with interest and costs.

FLORILINE—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

LADIES' LECTURE BRANCH.

A MEETING of the Lecture Branch of the Ladies Section of the National Indian Association, took place on the 5th instant, at "The Lily," the bungalow of Mrs. Patel. Miss Lowndes, who has been making a short visit to India, delivered an interesting and eloquent address to the assembled ladies. We have seen larger gatherings when a far less attractive programme was offered. The Lecturer spoke with admirable fluency and ease, and repeatedly reached the hearts of the audience with unerring aim, as the responsive laughter or quick sympathy of her hearers amply testified. At the conclusion of the address, Miss Lowndes received the warmest thanks of the assembly for her convincing lecture of which the following is a short resume:—

You must allow me to preface my lecture to you to-day by saying how extremely I value the opportunity your Society has afforded me, in this my first visit to the East, of becoming acquainted with some of the ladies of India, and also, what a deep interest I take in the lives of those of my own sex, which are spent in countries so far distant from England

I did not find it very easy to select a subject on which to address you and when you received the notice of my lecture and read the title of it "Love, the mainspring of woman's life"—I fear you may have thought it a much worn and trite subject, about which everything possible and even impossible had already been said. But to me it appeared to afford the one common ground on which women of every land, whatever their wide differences of race, costume or habits, might meet, and realize that they feel alike. Love, to my mind, is inseparable from the nature of woman: and I hope you will not think I go too far, when I designate it, as "the mainspring of her life."

In a clock the mainspring is the part which is essential to its usefulness. The outer case may be of gold, may even be set with precious gems, but if the tiny, and almost unnoticeable mainspring be broken or become unreliable, the value of the clock is gone. So love, the woman's mainspring, the secret of her power and influence, though often concealed from sight, yet remains in her the centre, the moving spring of life. Of course in speaking thus of love, I mean specifically love between man and woman—perhaps the strongest, while the most unaccountable power in the world.

"AND LOVE IS LORD OF ALL."

Now though love may be aptly described as the mainspring of woman's life, it frequently occupies a very different position in the heart of the man to whom her love is given. The love of a man is sometimes very easily aroused. A look, a gesture, a turn of the head even, catches his attention, and quickly love seems to well up in his heart, violent, passionate, jealous, uncontrollable—for the time life is love. But to the woman on whom this sudden devotion is centered, its retaining is a wholly different matter, almost its very intensity and unreasonableness court its own destruction. Love built on beauty, charm, novelty or fascination, which asks no more, does not seek beauty of character, nobility of aim and purpose, high standards of truth and honour—love which lightly fixes itself on outward appearance only as lightly flutters away when beauty fades, novelty wears off, and fascination ceases to be felt.

Far therefore, from being the mainspring, love, to the man, is but a 'phase' of life. His profession or business, with its attendant anxieties, necessarily occupies a great part of his time and thoughts and he has many other distractions. If love goes by the board, he soon finds a dozen things with which to fill the empty space—he speculates, he backs horses, he plays cards, he drives a motor. You say, perhaps, that in a similar case these consolations are not denied to a woman, she too may do all this. Yes, but such occupations will never fill for a woman that throne and centre of her existence where love has reigned—love is her all, the mainspring of her life.

Such being the case, must it not be her first aim to retain this love which is so priceless? And who doubts that she can do this? There is hardly any greater power in the world than that of the woman over the man who is passionately in love with her for the time. Does not the history of the human race from earliest days confirm this theory? What splendid deeds, aye, alas, what terrible tragedies have not resulted from man's love for woman.

And having this power let her use it. True love ever seeks to raise the object of its devotion. The wife may retain the man's love given her by becoming to him the ideal of all that is noble, high-minded and pure. Her influence must ever lead him to reject what is mean or dishonourable. In doubtful or difficult paths, where deviations from the straight line involve loss of honour or uprightness, she must be his guiding star. It has been well said. "The greatest act of man is Renunciation"—the voluntary giving up in the cause of right, or for some high purpose, that which at the time seems priceless, or essential to happiness. I should like in conclusion to illustrate what I have said with regard to woman's love, by giving you a short sketch of a book by an English writer called "The Garden of Allah;" which describes with great power and extreme interest first the story of a passionate love and then in a later development how the wife persuades her husband to renounce all the happiness and joy of their life together for the sake of what they mutually agree to be right.

Here Miss Lowndes gave a short but adequate precis of the story that has, as she said, excited much criticism, favourable and unfavourable. It eminently served to point the moral of the lecturer's theme, and to show the power of woman's love when it rises above the mere desire for happiness.

The members of the Association and their friends assembled round Mrs. Patel's tea-table and discussed the unusual pleasure they had derived from the lecturer's treatment of a subject with which all were in sympathy and then dispersed.

THE GOVERNMENT SHIPPING BILL.

COMMENTING on this measure to which we referred recently "Engineering" says:—

The fact that the present Government has introduced a Bill following upon the lines of the recommendations made by Committees chosen by the preceding Government is a happy promise of a general continuity of British policy irrespective of party politics, and this is a valuable factor in the industrial development of the country. We hope that this—the first important Government Bill—is an indication that the change of Government will not involve any such radical departures in legislation as will disturb the steady improvement of trade, which is so dependent on stability in Government. Mr. Lloyd-George, the President of the Board of Trade, in introducing the Bill, showed a satisfactory grasp of the situation, and of those needs of the shipping industry, to which we made reference in a recent article, (page 247 "ante"). In future the intention is to make foreign vessels trading from or to British ports comply with the regulations imposed upon British ships as to loading, seaworthiness, cargo stowage, life-saving appliances and passenger accommodation. At present the Government authorities may compel foreign ships to comply with loading conditions, but in the absence of the discs on the side of the ship—the frying pan, to conform with Lloyd's requirements, and the "gridiron," indicating the load-line set by the Board of Trade—there can be no definite proof of the depth of immersion of a foreign ship. Three years hence all foreign ships will require to have such discs and to conform with British regulations; but, in the event of any foreign Government enforcing rules corresponding with the shipping legislation of Britain, our Government may accept the compliance of any ship with the rules of the Government, whose flag it flies. In this it is possible to recognise the beginning of that international agreement upon maritime legislation for which we pleaded in the article already referred to. In the same Shipping Bill, the Government propose to effect improvement in the condition of British seamen. In some ships the provisions supplied are not only insufficient in quantity, but deficient in quality and variety and the Bill will lay down a minimum standard, and will also determine that certified cooks must be carried. All provision, too, will be subjected to inspection by the Board of Trade. Another important proviso is that an advisory committee shall be appointed for the purpose of consultation as to new regulations, and in this Committee there will be representatives, of the shipping interests. In the past the Board of Trade have blown hot and cold alternately upon the greatest of our industries, and it is probable that this Committee may have an important bearing upon the future. It will probably deal with the question of the employment of foreign sailors upon British ships, a source of anxiety to many not only because it reduces the number of reserve men available for the Navy, but because it is an element of danger, owing to possible inaccuracy in interpreting navigating orders. Thirty-five years ago, the proportion of foreign to British sailors was only 5 per cent; to-day, including amongst the British the Lascars—who are after all British subjects—the proportion is nearly 20 per cent. Of course with ships trading between foreign ports it might be difficult always to get a British crew; and it is proposed in the Bill that foreigners engaged, must have sufficient acquaintance with our language to understand the navigating orders in English. The advisory committee, however, will have set for it the problem of determining what methods may be employed to offer greater inducements to Britons to become seamen, and if wise and moderate measures are proposed, we have every confidence that they will be loyally carried out by shipowners.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

The Vicar of Wetton, near Ashbourne, in the March issue of the Alstonfield Deanery Magazine, says that the action of those who rang the parish church bells after the declaration of the poll in the Leek division was illegal. He states, in order to dispose of a rumour that the Conservatives were not asked for anything, that both the political parties were charged with equal amounts for the schoolroom for election purposes, and he adds: "I can only say that certain agents of the Conservatives were shown off the premises with a horsewhip and that I refrained from voting. Wetton is in the Parliamentary division of Leek which returned, a Liberal,

It is considered questionable, it may be added whether the map, was ever published, for the period was one of considerable turmoil; and there seems little doubt that the plates and their impressions perished in the Great Fire of 1666.

In the final of the Archery meeting just concluded at Olympia, Miss Horne, of East Sheen, did the hat trick with three consecutive golds, and according to ancient custom collected a shilling from every woman competitor—£4 10s, in all. The hat trick at cricket is familiar to all but there is an apter analogy in golf, where the feat also savours of the fluke as well as skill, in the bottle of whiskey, or its value, that, according to immemorial Scots law falls to a caddie, when his master does a hole in one. In an English competition a year or two ago, an eminent London golfer, who knows and loves many of the Scottish greens as well as he is, himself, beloved thereon caused his caddie to carry in an open and bare faced way what was unmistakably a large bottle of whisky; and to his startled opponent's question of what all this meant made the delicious reply That is my caddie's perquisite at my first hole in one; and, I may add, he has at least on other in his bag!

Messrs. Protheroe and Morris held a sales of orchids at their rooms in Cheapside the other day which may be regarded as historic. A single plant sold for 1150 guines. Up to that moment the highest price ever paid for an orchid at a public auction was 850 guines. The sale room was filled with orchid lovers, but the general public was absent. One of the said public would have had some difficulty in obtaining admission. The doors were doubly guarded by attendants, who challenged every unknown one as jealously as new comers are challenged at the gaming-rooms of the Casino at Monte Carlo. The orchids on sale were from the famed Rosslyn collection of Mr. H. T. Pitt, who boasts that no plant from his stock has ever been sold or exchanged since the initiation of the collection. Only the duplicate offsprings are obtainable of the famed orchids, and for these keen competition is assured. Mr. Pitt boasts that he has six odontoglossoms which he can challenge the world to match and equal. One hundred and twenty duplicate plants were offered, and they realised £5342.

Dr. Taylor, whose death is recorded in looked back with pardonable pride to the encounter he had with the late Mr. Bradlaugh, who in his prime was a doughty antagonist. Mr. Bradlaugh challenged the Archdeacon to a public discussion in Liverpool, which the latter accepted. In support of his argument that man was destitute of moral responsibility Mr. Bradlaugh quoted two verses from Ecclesiastes. At the close of the quotation the Archdeacon rose and remarked that Mr. Bradlaugh had omitted to read the succeeding verse. This he then gave amidst the breathless attention of the audience and with much effect for the passage directly opposed Mr. Bradlaug's contention. The audience was evidently on the side of the Archdeacon, and with cheering and cries of Give it to him Doctor! they encouraged him to continue the defence of the orthodox position.]

A Bill has been introduced in the Iowa Legislative Assembly empowering and requiring doctors painlessly to end the sufferings of hopeless incurables. Will anyone recall the practice of Utopia?—When any is taken with a torturing and lingering pain so that there is no hope either of recovery or ease, the priests and magistrates come and exhort them that since they are now unable to go on with the business of life, are become a burden to themselves and all about them, and have really outlived themselves, they should no longer nourish such a rooted distemper, but choose rather to die, since they cannot live in such misery; being assured that if they thus deliver themselves from torture, or are willing that others should do it, they shall be happy after death, since, by their acting thus, they lose none of the pleasures but only the troubles of life they think they behave not only reasonably but in a manner consistent with religion and piety. That Sir Thomas More approved is an argument with some. He goes on, however, But no man is forced on this way of ending his life.

A wealthy manufacturer in the Potteries is at present the subject of a good joke, says the Liverpool Post. While on a Continental tour he purchased a Sevres vase for some hundreds of pounds, and brought it home most carefully. Thinking that the foreman of his works might gather a hint from the design, he called that gentleman in and showed him his treasure. How do you like it? he asked, The foreman took the vase in his hand, turned it over, and returned it with the brief reply. I don't think that I can learn much from it. Why not asked the manufacturer, I don't like telling you, sir. Come—out with it. Well, I is designed that vase myself It is a foreign imitation of our own work, and is worth £5 at the outside.

A barrister well known in the Temple, and rather a bore, although he had a fair practice, contracted a curious habit says the Liverpool Post, of frequently beginning his questions in cross-examination of a witness with the words, Now, sir, I am going to put a question to you, and I don't care which way you answer it. Mr. Justice Maule grew to hate this formula with an unreasoning hatred; so much so, that meeting the barrister in question in Westminster Hall on his way to court, that learned jugde accosted the advocate in this wise Now Jones I am going to put a question to you and I don't care a twopenny bit which way you answer it:—How are you?

The amorous woodpigeon, whose usually dignified demeanour is so familiar to the most ordinary observer in the London parks, takes but little notice of the bitter north-easterly breezes and squalls of sleet and snow with which March has so frequently favoured us of late. For the time being he is so busily occupied in making advances to the lady of his choice that outside influences have no bearing at all on his general behaviour. Rain or shine you may see him just at present sitting side by side with his inamorata on the swaying bough of elm or plane, whispering soft nothings in her ear in those gentle tones that make one's fancy fly back to the great woods of the countryside where primrose and anemone are puching forth their fragile buds from beneath their wintry covering of fallen leaves. It is too early yet for the woodpigen to build his nest, but he and his mate in the intervals of love-making are already on the look-out as you may see if you watch, for a suitable site. A little later when the leaf is out the more serious business of the season will begin and then it will take you all your time to discover the place where the loving couple have arranged their untidy platform of sticks, whereon so they say cock and hen take it in turns to brood over the couple of snow-white eggs from which presently will emerge two of the ugliest youngesters that a pair of good-looking parents ever produced.

A picture which was exhibited at the Royal Academy one hundred and five years ago is to be sold at Christie's with a number of other interesting works. This picture is Ben Marshall's The Sportsman, a portrait of Mr. J. C. Shaddick with his horse and two pointers in a landscape carrying his gun and a pheasant, Sir Joshua Reynolds's portrait of Miss Nelly O'Brien in white dress with mauve ribands round her waist and sleeves a pink scarf lying on her lap, and a string of pearls in her hair and a pearl necklace is prominent in the collection, which includes also Constable's Salisbury Bridge, Gainsborough's portrait of Viscountess Tracy, from the collection of Lord Suddely, and Romney's portrait of Mr. Oliver in white dress and flowing headdress, holding her young child, who is asleep, on her lap. There are also several pictures catalogued for the same sale by old masters, notably Nicolas Eliers portrait of a lady, in black dress with gold embroidered front, large white raff, and lace cap and cuffs, holding her gloves in her left hand. The picture bears the inscription; Ætatis suæ 21, A.D 1632. Another interesting picture from the collection of Count Passalacqua, of Milan, is Bernardino Luini's Saint Catherine of Alexandria, which was painted as a decoration for an altar-piece, a commission for this purpose having been given by the Torriani di Mendrisio family. The collection of pictures that is being sold was the property of the late Mr. E. M. Denny, of Bryanston-square.

Every slave has had a king among his ancestors and every king a slave. America, however, can, claim to possess among her sons those who can show a very clear connection with at least two reigning dynasties. The grandson of Jerome Bonaparte at present holds official position in the U. S. Navy Department, and there are at least two supposed grandsons of George IV. in the same happy land. One of these is Mr. J. L. Ord, a Chicago telegraphic superintendent, who asserts that he is a grandson of the faithless monarch by his marriage—now finally and incontestably proved—with Mrs. Fitzherbert. At San Francisco is a Mis S. W. Holliday, who avers that she too is a grandchild of George IV by this marriage.

SHRI MORLIDHER TEMPLE IN MOOMBADEVI.

DISPUTE REGARDING CHARITABLE PROPERTY.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, presiding on the Original Side of the High Court yesterday, heard a suit brought by Janardhan Bhasker against Raoji V. J. Sunkersett, in which the plaintiff prayed for a declaration that a certain piece of land formed part of the charitable property appertaining to the temple of Shri Morlidher and was dedicated for charitable purposes, that the defendant may be restrained from in any way dealing with the said piece of land or from selling or disposing of the same, etc. Mr. Kirkpatrick and Mr. Manker, instructed by Messrs. Khunderao, Shripad, and Laud, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Thakerdas and Co., appeared for the defendant.

The plaintiff stated that he is the sole surviving trustee and manager of the temple of Shri Morlidhar, situated on the Moombadevi Tank Road, under a deed of charity executed by one Hurji Jivansheth on the 2nd July 1842. Even since that year, the plaintiff's father, Bhasker Krishnaji, who was appointed manager of the temple and the properties appertaining thereto, managed the affairs of the temple, and even since his death the plaintiff and his late brother jointly managed the same, and since the death of his brother, the plaintiff had been solely managing its affairs. Prior to the year 1842, the defendant's grandfather, the late Hon. Jaganath Sunkersett, acquired from the then owner and manager of the temple and its appurtenances a piece of land forming part of the charitable property for the purpose of erecting a building thereon, the income whereof the Hon. Jaganath Shankersetth agreed to spend for a charitable purpose, namley, in celebrating the annual Ramnavmi festival in connection with the Shri Morlidher temple. He did not, however, under the circumstances, acquire any right or ownership in the same. Ever since Sunkersett's death, his descendants, including the defendant, who is the adopted son of Venayekrao Jagonath Sunkersett, had been performing the annual Ramnavmi festival. The defendant now had agreed to sell the land referred to, together with the building standing thereon, to one Raichand Khoochalchand as if the same was his absolute property. The defendant denied that it was a charitable property, and said that he and his predecessors in title had been in enjoyment of the rents and profits thereof from fifty to sixty years. Plaintiff said the defendant had no right whatever to sell the land, which formed part of the charitable trust in question.

In his defence, the defendant said he was not aware, and did not admit that plaintiff is the sole trustee and manager of the Shri Morlidhar temple, or that the piece of land referred to formed part of any charitable property, and he denied that his grandfather agreed to spend the income of the property in celebrating the annual Ramnavmi festival or for any charitable purpose whatsoever. His grandfather was the head of the caste of Daivadnya Brahmins, and as such he used to perform the ceremonies of the annual Ramnavmi festival at the Morlidher temple and at the Sunkersett temple, and also those of the Shimga festival at his own house and ever since his death his descendants, including the defendant, had, as such heads of the caste continued to perform the same ceremonies; But the defendant denied that the expenses for the Ramnavmi festival were defrayed by the defendant or any of his ancestors out of the income of the said property, or that they were bound to perform the ceremonies or spend any portion of the income of the property for the said festival. They had been in possession of the property for over sixty years, and had during the period realised and enjoyed the rents, profits and income thereof. The plaintiff's claim, if any, was barred by limitation. In the event of the Court holding that the plaintiff could maintain this suit, the defendant counterclaimed a declaration that the property in question belonged absolutely to him, and that it did not form part of any charitable property, and that it had not been dedicated for any charitable purpose.

The details of the suit were proceeded with.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA APRIL 10.

Rain has fallen on the South Burma Coast and in parts of Assam. The chief amounts are. Cherrapoonjee one inch, Tavoy and Moulmein half an inch, and Silchar a quarter of an inch. Elsewhere the weather is dry. Rain is probable on the South Burma Coast and in Eastern Bengal and Assam.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 10TH APRIL.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has increased everywhere the rise having been brisk to rapid at most places.

Winds are variable in direction and the force has been rather strong at Ratnagiri, Mormugao and Dwarka and fresh to light elsewhere.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are maximum 6° to 9° in excess at Coimbatore, Madras and Bijapur, and 7° to 12° in defect at Jask, Jacobabad, Veraval, Bhavnagar Para, Ahmedabad and Deesa; minimum 6° to 7° in excess at Saugor, Ajmere, Jhansi and Agra, and 7° to 9° in defect at Jacobabad and Deesa. The highest temperature in the shade was 110° at Cuddapah and the lowest 61° at Lahore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is partially cloudy at Delhi, Mormugao, Masulipatam, Madras and Negapatam.

Rain, —Nil.

Weather continues fine.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

GRATEFUL MOTHERS GIVE THANKS

Marvellous Cure of Two Babies Suffering for Months from Sore Eyes—Doctors, Hospitals, and Many Treatments Were of No Avail.

SPEEDY CURE IN EACH CASE BY CUTICURA

"I feel it my duty to tell you of two most wonderful cures of sore eyes by Cuticura Ointment. My little son had an attack of measles which left his eyes in a shocking state. The lids were inflamed and sore, and every lash fell out. They would be stuck in the morning, and bleed when washed, causing untold suffering to the child. I tried everything recommended, but nothing did any good. Then I got Cuticura, and from the first application I have had cause to be thankful. Before I had used one box of Cuticura the lashes showed signs of growing, and at the end of a few months they were as healthy as ever. I recommended Cuticura to a Mrs. Phillips for her child who also had sore eyes, and the little one was cured with less than one box. (signed) Mrs. C. Todd, Old South Head Road, Waverly, Sydney, N. S. W." Reference, Messrs. R. Towns & Co., Sydney.

BABY PHILLIPS

Cured by One Box of Cuticura After All Else Had Failed

"When my little girl was a few months old her eyes became very sore. I took her to the —— Hospital, and subsequently to the Children's Hospital at —— for twelve months, but her eyes seemed to be growing worse. One doctor told me they might be bad for years. I was one day stopped on the street by a Mrs. Todd who told me that Cuticura Ointment had cured her boy. I commenced using it that very night. The cure has been marvellous. The eyes soon commenced to get strong, and before I had used one box of Cuticura they were as healthy as if there had never been anything the matter with them. (signed) Mrs. F. Phillips, Grafton Street, Waverly, Sydney, N. S. W."

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props.
Mailed Free, "How to Cure Baby Humours."

Mosquitoes Avoid
the presence of Carbolic
that is why the
use of
Calvert's
20%
Carbolic
Soap
has been found such an excellent protection against the attacks of these and other insects. It imparts also a delightful freshness to the skin, and, of course, is powerfully antiseptic, an advantage readily appreciated in warm climates.
Sold by Local Chemists and Storekeepers.
Made by F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, Eng.

GOLD & Co.
BIRMINGHAM,
ENGLAND.
Patent Wrought
IRON & STEEL
HINGES
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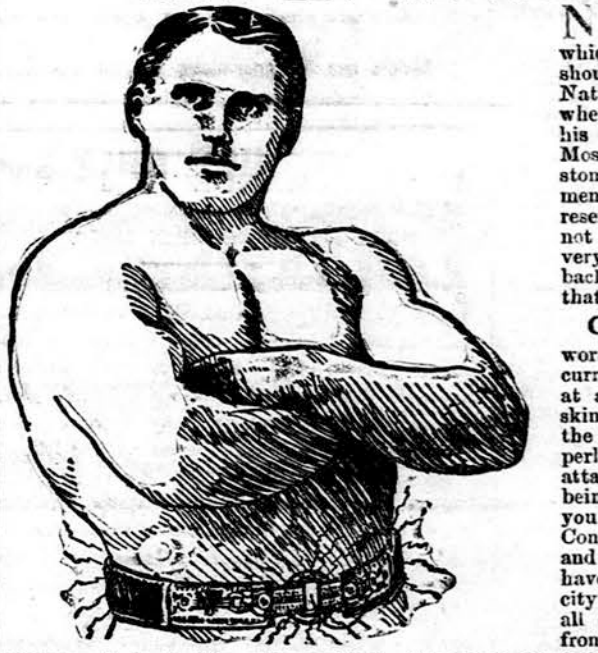
CHEAPEST
AND
BEST IN THE
MARKET.
None are genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark
Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

None are Genuine except with the "Swan" Trade Mark.

MEN! LET ME APPEAL TO YOU.



NO MAN should be weak; no man should suffer the loss of that vital element which renders life worth living. No man should allow himself to become less a man than Nature intended him; no man should suffer when there is here at hand a certain cure for his weakness, a check to his waste of power. Most of the pains, most of the weakness of the stomach, heart, brain and nerves, from which men suffer, are due to an early loss of Nature's reserve power through mistakes. You need not suffer from this, you can be restored. The very element which you have lost you can get back, and you may be as happy as any man that lives.

Cook's Electric Body Battery,

worn while you sleep, pumps a constant soothing current of Electricity into your body for hours at a time. No burning or blistering of the skin, because the metal discs are covered with the proper electrodes, and the current is properly under control by means of the regulator attachment, which permits any desired strength being used. It has cured others and will cure you of Lame Back, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sciatica, Anæmia, and Lassitude, and will absolutely dispel that tired feeling you have when you get up in the morning. Electricity alone is the proper remedy for these and all organic or functional weaknesses arising from improper circulation and unnecessary waste of energy, it absolutely restores vigour. If you are ailing in any way and interested in this grand remedy, call on me and I will explain it to you. My specialist will give you a free test of the appliance. Advice and counsel is absolutely free. If you cannot call send for my book. It tells how my Body Battery is used and gives cuts illustrating the method. It will inspire you to be bigger stronger, younger (if you are old) and more manly than you ever felt. Write to-day. It is sent post free.

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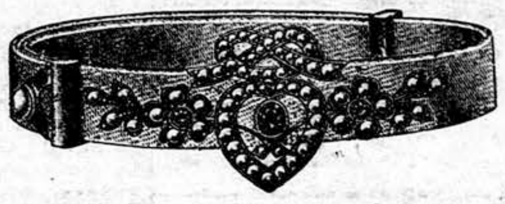
28, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

B 22752, Necklet with pendant set with Emeralds, Ruby and pearl, Rs. 110.

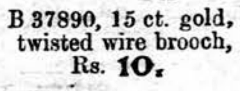

B 45783, Expanding bracelet with patent clasp. Set pearls and rubies, Rs. 250.

B 38652, Enamelled brooch, set pearls, Rs. 32.

B 45395, Set diamonds, rubies and pearl, Rs. 220.

B 23547, Bracelet set with opal and pearls, Rs. 46.

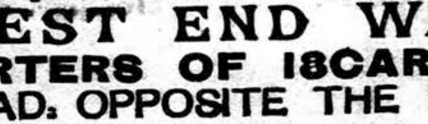
B 42396, 15ct. gold, pear and turquoise safety pin, Rs. 10-8.


B 37890, 15 ct. gold, twisted wire brooch, Rs. 10.

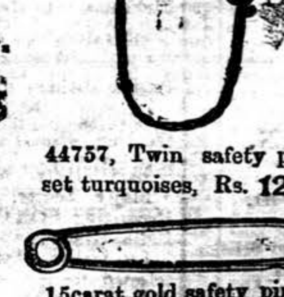
B 21046, Bracelet set with 3 rubies, Rs. 50.

B 32675, opal safety pin, Rs. 5.

B 32765, Pearl safety pin, Rs. 6-8.


B 26017, Bracelet, set pearls, Rs. 40.

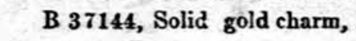
B 39361, Bracelet set with turquoise matrix and baroque pearls, Rs. 90


44757, Twin safety pins, set turquoises, Rs. 12.

15carat gold safety pins, Rs. 4 to 21.

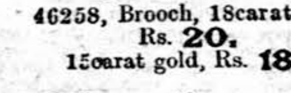
B 35491, Rs. 22.

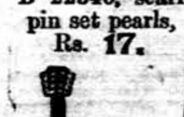
B 34852, 18ct. gold, Rs. 7-12. 9ct. gold, Rs. 3-8


B 37144, Solid gold charm, Rs. 17

B 44194. Turquoise matrix mounted in 15ct. gold, Rs. 31.

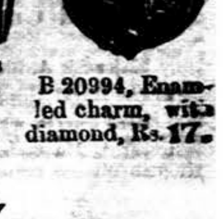
B 45936, Gold platinum and diamond pin, Rs. 45.


46258, Brooch, 18carat gold Rs. 20. 15carat gold, Rs. 18.


B 22340, scarf pin set pearls, Rs. 17.

B 35479, gold links, Rs. 23.

B 36314, Links set rubies and diamonds, Rs. 48.


B 20994, Enamelled charm, with diamond, Rs. 17.

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WRITERS AND READERS.

A novel point in connection with a novel is raised by the following letter, which we beg leave to print as it stands. We are not in love with those interminable controversies in print about far-fetched abstract subjects, which develop a snowball rate of progress, and grow in area as they diminish in interest and importance. But the lady who sends the subjoined seems to raise a point of comparison between the morals of to-day and the morals of a generation ago, which is outside the pale of the pulpit, but eminently well within the scope of a gossiping column on books. One is always in sympathy with the reflective mind which stands up for the things of to-day, and in the course of her brief argument we think our correspondent gets decidedly the better of the reviewer she is criticising. She deserves her victory for her courage in tackling a species of adversary who, even more than the sex she represents, is usually allowed the last word.

The letter is as follows: In reviewing For Which Wife? by an anonymous author, one of the chief morning papers states that its moral is that the average man is more conscientious than the average woman, and remarks elsewhere that the implied indictment is of some weight. The conscientiousness referred to is in regard to our dealings with the other sex, and I think it would have been more becoming of the reviewer to have given to such a doctrine an emphatic denunciation, instead of the support it suggests. I agree that the woman in this particular novel was less conscientious than the man, and I agree that the story rings true enough as an isolated instance. Again, the author may or may not be justified in writing such a book, to show the possibility of evil existing in the home circle, but I protest against the case being made to represent the average woman and the average man. There is too much of this rash generalising, I think. If the reviewer had reflected for a moment that both nature and society throw the whole burden in certain positions upon the woman, I think he would see that the balance of probability is in favour of woman's greater conscientiousness. But apart from this it is a dangerous doctrine to promulgate. We used to send our lads out into the world with the injunction to conduct themselves in such a way that they may return and look their mothers and sisters in the face. Would this very superior critic suggest that their fathers and elder brothers are generally in a better position to cast the first stone at the erring youth? I fancy not.—A Woman Who has Read the Book.

Sir Theodore Martin would find it hard to fail, one imagines, when he appeals to the average reader in the way of reminiscences, especially reminiscences connected with the theatre—the region in which his famous wife (Helena Faucit) excelled. During the present month Mr. Murray is to publish for him a book, modestly entitled "Monographs," in which Sir Theodore resurrects certain articles of a critical and biographical character he wrote years ago in the "Quarterly Review" on four great figures. Three of them were actors—Garrick, Macready and Rachel—the latter two of whom are treated as the author's illustrious contemporaries. Dickens thought rather small beer of Madame Rachel; so did Prosper Merimee; and we shall be glad to revive our impressions of that highly theatrical lady in the light of Sir Theodore's revision. The fourth subject in the book is Baron Stockmar, the formidable and devoted tutor of the Prince Consort, who carried back with him to Germany such very definite views of England and the English.

Other recollections of a more various kind are the autobiographic Jottings of an Old Solicitor, appearing through Mr. Murray at about the same date. The author is Sir John Hollams, head of the great City firm which had (and has) such important dealings with Empire-makers, financiers, and public men. The volume covers a period of sixty years, and describes with characteristic amiability and candour the changes of procedure the author has witnessed in that time, the judges he has known, and the famous cases in which he has had a hand. No one who desires to trace the evolution of legal and justiciary practice since the days described in Bleak House and Pickwick is likely to ignore Sir John's acute and instructive comments.

Selborne is always a name to conjure with among the lovers of the open air and all that lives therein and Canon Vaughan, of Winchester, has been for years rector of a Hampshire parish (Droxford by name), which has much in common, besides contiguity, with the old-world parish where Gilbert White spent nearly the whole of his busy and contented life. Several of the essays in the volume bear directly upon White and Walton (White's father in literature, surely) but they deal also with Jane Austen and associated subjects equally fertile in disquisitive calm. Some of them, for instance, are The Use of Simples, The Flora of Hants, Essex and the Early Botanists, The Essex Marshes, The Disappearance of Plants, The Flowers of the Field, Potherbs, Wallflowers, and Wild Fruits. The title of the volume is The Wild Flowers of Selborne and other Papers and Mr. John Lane publishes it.

'The Complete Cricketer' is a title fit to attract any reader with grit in him at this time of year and the volume which Messrs. Methuen publish in April, from the pen of Mr. Albert E. Knight, is to be appropriately up-to-date, and filled with photographs. One of these gives a clear idea of what is perhaps the most intelligible and best-arranged scoring-board in the world, the one at Sydney, as it appeared during one of the last series of Test matches. The volume is one alike for palyers and students of the game. Memories of the past are incorporated with pictures of the present. The historical development of our national pastime and a discussion of its changing aspects during recent years precede those more practical and didactic chapters intended for younger aspirants to proficiency in cricket. The final chapters concern themselves with cricket in the Greater Britain, with the characteristics of Australian grounds, the preparation and peculiarities of their wickets. There is a county interest, though not a cricketing one, in another book to issue from the same firm on the same day, to wit "Northamptonshire," by Mr. Wakeling Dry, in the 'Little Guides" series.

Professor Henslow, the author of Evolution and Religion, is bringing out shortly with Messrs. Williams and Norgate a somewhat similar treatise, entitled The Spiritual Teaching of Christ's Life, which is really an amplification of his previous work issued in 1882, and now out of print, entitled Christian Belief Reconsidered in the Light of Modern Thought. Instead, however, of emphasising dogmatic beliefs, he dwells on and interprets the sum of the teaching and the message they convey. In his preface he justifies his point of view by remarking that—most of our ecclesiastical doctrines require in the main to be restated, in order to bring them into harmony with present-day scientific thought and revised interpretations of Scripture I have not hesitated to try to point out wherein they seem to me to be devoid of a sound basis; because they were framed in an unscientific age, and unfortunately largely educed from the Latin Vulgate which often misrepresents the original Greek Testament. Consequently our Church's doctrines often fail to meet the necessary conditions which the modern scientific spirit demands.

There is an instance to hand of the way in which a well-written, serviceable, and original book can succeed in spite of an unattractive format, and in this particular case the book has gone beyond expectations, the first edition having been exhausted in less than a fortnight. The treatise is a modest one by a north-country cleric, the Rev. A. F. Mitchell of St. Augustine's, Sheffield. The substance of the book was four lectures delivered in December, and it conveyed suggestions to parents and teachers of primary, secondary and Sunday schools as to the best way of teaching Holy Writ in view of modern knowledge of the Bible and of the child-mind. The Dean of Ely, Sir Edward Russell, and Professor W. H. Woodward added their forewords, and the book appeared under the title, How to Teach the Bible. The publishers, Messrs. Williams and Norgrte, have decided to recast the book so far as its material form is concerned, and issue it in cloth at a couple of shillings or so.

It has more than once been pointed out that a really adequate history of English literature could only be produced on the encyclopædic plan, by the collaboration of a number of experts. The Syndics of the Cambridge University Press now announce that they have made arrangements for the publication of such a work, which has long been desired by students. It is to form about twelve volumes, on a scale corresponding to that of the Cambridge Modern History, and to cover the whole of our literature, from the writing of Beowulf to the death of Queen Victoria. The editors-in-chief are to be Dr. A. W. Ward—whose name is a guarantee of thoroughness and accuracy—and Mr. A. R. Waller, who has shown himself so enthusiastic for the popularisation of our classics. This is the first time that a serious attempt has been made to produce a satisfactory and comprehensive history of our literature in the modern scientific fashion by the collaboration of a society of experts. Hitherto the best histories of English literature have been the work of a single courageous scholar daring to grapple with whole libraries. It is perhaps a necessary consequence that the shortest of them all is the best done—Mr. Stopford Brooke's little primer, in which thanks in part to the alterations which Matthew Arnold suggested, the story of our literature and its gradual development is told with great skill and sympathy. But of course a mere primer, though it can give a very charming sketch of the main trend of a literature, cannot possibly aim at providing that detailed account of the work of particular writer which is desirable in a history to be used for reference by students. The late Henry Morley undertook to produce alone such a history, but even his great industry and omnivorous reading were unequal to the task, and his English Writers remains a fragment.

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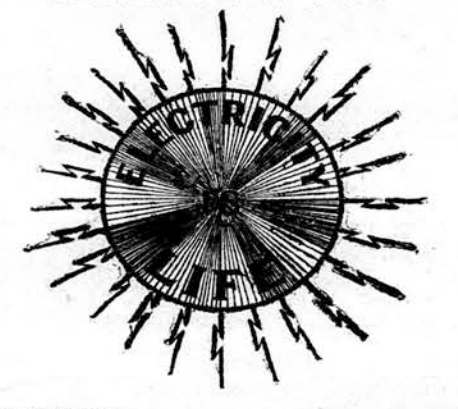

IF I COULD ONLY BELIEVE IT!
DEAR READER:
Are you among the many who read my advertisements, published from day to day and give them only casual attention, saying mechanically to yourself: "What extravagant claims these doctors make; now, I myself feel just like the writer of such and such testimonial did, and here he says he has been completely cured after he had tried every medicine, by simply wearing an electric belt. Really, it is simply absurd to think one simple thing could cure so many different complaints. If I COULD ONLY BELIEVE IT, I would give it a trial. But, what's the use thinking of it? I have tried medicines that are equally as highly advertised, and all to no purpose. I fear my case is hopeless. If this doctors's wonderful belt was doing all he claims for it, and if this Electricity is such a great cure, why don't all doctors use it? IF I COULD ONLY BELIEVE IT!
If you reason like this, I have a word to say to you: If you could see the number of letters that I receive daily from grateful patients, you would never say MY claims were extravagant. The writer, whose testimonial attracted your attention, WAS benefitted or cured as he said by wearing the Herculex. If you doubt it, write to his address and hear it from him personally. The ONE SIMPLE THING is not for a single moment to be compared with drugs in effect. It is a means of restoring ELECTRICITY to the human body when excesses or disease have depleted the system and exhausted the ELECTRICITY that Mother Nature endowed us all with. You cannot SPEND your money and KEEP it, can you? But you can get more money if you know how. And so also can you get more STRENGTH and HEALTH, and I KNOW HOW!
It matters not what may be the nature of your weakness, it results from a lack of full vitality. A limb may shrivel or shrink; Electricity carried to, and through it must increase the blood supply, and impart new life and vitality. No matter what part of the body the trouble may be, it can be reached, and the results MUST be the same. Apply the current PROPERLY and you impart new life and energy. This is WHY the ONE SIMPLE THING does so much. Your case is not hopeless. I have cured thousands who thought so.
All doctors who are up in their profession do use Electricity in their office practice, but how to prescribe it to those who could not come daily to their office has been the difficulty and the reason it has not been more in general use among the profession. Have you read what the old medical man of Madras has said about my Herculex? He first thanks me for having cured himself of a trouble that drugs could not reach, then says: 'All experienced doctors know the value of Electricity as a curative agent, but the great problem hitherto was how to pour the invigorating force into the body in an even and continuous form. Dr. Sanden seems to have SOLVED THIS PROBLEM by inventing his Herculex belt.' Isn't this a test of the highest order? To further quote the regular practioner, he says: "This is the opinion of an old medical man, who has made a special study in India and Europe of electricity as a therapeutic agent."
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DIABETES—Insipidus and Mellitus are thoroughly cured by harmless vegetable pills. For 20 days Rs 6-8.
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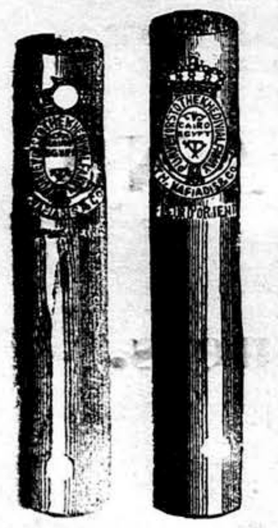

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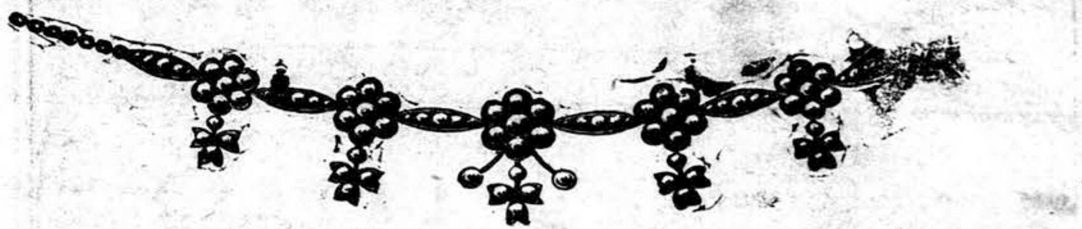

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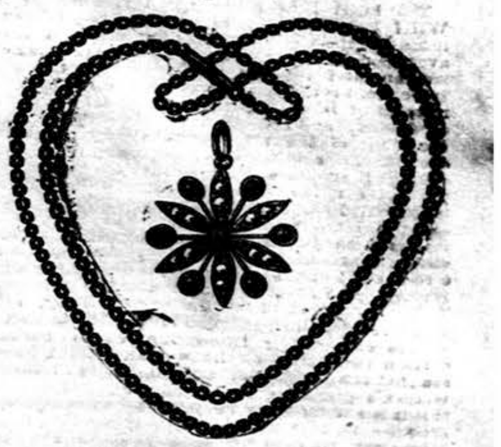

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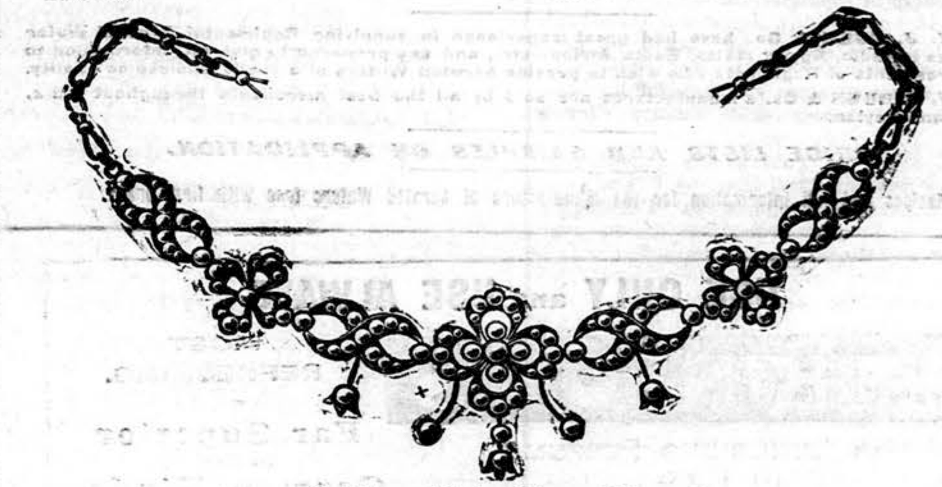

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